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THE JERUSALEM POST

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EACH TABLET BEARS THE NAME »PALGIN«
PALGIN
AGAINST HEADACHE AND TOOTHACHE

West to 'Deal' with E. Germans But Recognition is Out—Dulles

Arab Stand Delaying US Refugee Proposal

By JESSE ZEL LURIE, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

UNITED NATIONS. — After discussing the future of the Arab refugees for almost three weeks in somewhat of a vacuum, since no resolution was before it, the Special Political Committee on Wednesday suspended its debate and went on to other subjects.

A spokesman for the U.S. delegation said later that its resolution would be ready next week. He said that formal discussions with Arab delegations had been broken off, but informal consultations continued.

It is understood that the Americans broke off the negotiations when they discovered that the Arabs were not willing to accept the report of Mr. Leslie Carver, Acting Director of UNRWA, which recommended that the whole situation of the refugees be studied anew. This report had been endorsed by the eight-nation advisory commission which included the UAR, Jordan and the Lebanon.

The Arabs want the General Assembly to decide now that UNRWA should be continued after June 30, 1960 and are unwilling to accept any resolution mentioning a study, either directly or by implication by endorsing the UNRWA report.

The Arabs threaten to torpedo any other resolution by preventing, together with the Soviet bloc, a two-thirds majority.

The American attitude is that without a study, the U.S. Congress will not appropriate money for UNRWA. They will therefore let the Arabs stew awhile in the hope that a more reasonable attitude may later prevail.

The last morning of the debate was taken up by a vitriolic attack on Israel, Jews and Zionism by Ahmed Shukairy, who now represents Saudi Arabia.

Shukairy was answered briefly by Mr. Arthur Lourie, deputy head of the Israel delegation, who said that now that the Committee had heard the Saudi Arabia delegate, it could perhaps better understand why Israel was not prepared to admit "100,000 Shukairys or people who think like him."

Celler Urges UN States Accept Arab Refugees

WASHINGTON (INA).— Representative Emanuel Celler, Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, on Tuesday called for a White House conference to settle once and for all the problem of the 900,000 Arab refugees.

He said President Eisenhower should summon such a meeting and urge "enlightened members of the United Nations" to accept a portion of the refugees.

Mr. Celler, a New York Democrat, said the U.S. could take 25,000 Arab refugees if other nations accepted a "fair share." He undertook to sponsor legislation in Congress at the next session to admit additional Arab refugees to the U.S. to alleviate the problem.

France Backing Uk On Cyprus Issue

UNITED NATIONS (Reuter). — The Political Committee was meeting late Wednesday night to hear the Turkish Foreign Minister, Mr. Fatin Zorlu, answer charges on the Cyprus issue made by his Greek counterpart, Mr. Angelos Averoff, earlier in the day.

Mr. Averoff for his part has taken the floor a second time to answer the speech made Tuesday by the British Minister of State, Cmdr. Alan Noble.

The only scheduled speaker of the day was the French delegate, M. Georges Picot, who said that a peaceful and just solution must be found within the framework of negotiations between the parties concerned. Implying backing for Britain's case, M. Picot said it is up to Britain, Greece and Turkey "to resume conciliatory efforts in due course as they think suitable."

M. Picot spoke for barely five minutes and, as no other delegate was ready to address the committee, Mr. Averoff took the opportunity to reply to Cmdr. Noble.

He declared that the Cypriots are one people "There is no question of minorities. Ethnic, linguistic and other factors have never been sufficient motives for the characterization of a people. The Turkish view could therefore find no basis in international law."

In Cyprus itself, on Wednesday, several security restrictions, including curfews on Greek Cypriot youths were being lifted following EOKA's call on Saturday for a truce during the U.N. debate.

Curfews on youths in the towns of Famagusta, Larnaca and Limassol are cancelled and others will be gradually lifted "except those necessary for operation reasons," the Governor said. But he warned "We will not hesitate to reimpose these and other restrictions if violence is resumed."

There has been no let-up in the security operations in the North where 12 suspects were arrested on Tuesday.

PHILIPPINE DRIVE AGAINST HUKS

MANILA (UPI). — The Philippine Government on Wednesday launched an operation to capture, dead or alive, two top Communist Huk leaders.

About 7,000 army-constabulary troops fanned out in the Central Arayat mountain area in Northern Luzon to try to capture Casto Alejandrino, number two on the Huk roster, and Silvestre Liwwanag, notorious chief of Huk operations and planning.

De Murville Is Seen as Next French Premier

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — Gen. de Gaulle, after his expected election as President of the Republic, may pass the Premiership on to a "technician" that is to be a non-party man who is not a Member of Parliament, according to informed sources on Wednesday. The present Foreign Minister, M. Couve de Murville, is believed to be the likely choice.

Such a move, it is pointed out, would be in conformity with the spirit, as well as the letter of the new constitution, which seeks to put a "shock absorber" between the executive and the legislature so that the Government shall be guided—but not shaken or overthrown — by parliamentary jerks.

De Murville

Centre-Right Cabinet

Under a non-party Premier the Government would, however, obviously draw its principal ministers from the parliamentary majority, namely, the centre to right wing Gaullist Union for the New Republic and independents (Conservatives.) This arrangement would obviate difficulties which are liable to arise if the Premiership goes to one of the leaders of the UNR, such as Messrs. Debre, Soustelle, Michelet, Chaban Delmas, each of whom represents quite a distinct tendency in France's newest largest, and most heterogeneous party, which will need some time to settle down and weld itself into a cohesive entity.

M. Debre, who has been widely tipped as the favourite starter in the running for Premiership, leans far to the right; M. Soustelle suffers from the drawback of being too closely identified with the extremist Algerian *colons* — perhaps erroneous on the part of public opinion at home and abroad; M. Michelet is liberal, a little too much so for the liking of some of his colleagues, while M. Chaban Delmas is not generally regarded as being a sufficiently "strong man" to hold the UNR together.

Close Control

With a "technician" like M. Couve de Murville as Premier, Gen. de Gaulle would be in the position to maintain close control over the Government, at least in the initial critical phase of the Fifth Republic. And this would not only be in keeping with the constitution, but with the democratically expressed will of the people, which, as everybody here including the U.N.R. leaders freely recognizes, cast its vote primarily for Gen. de Gaulle in the general elections as well as in the recent referendum.

Furthermore, Gen. de Gaulle would be better able to cope with the contingent of Algerian deputies, who it is reported, intend as soon as Parliament convenes to ask for a vote by show of hands in favour of immediate Algerian political integration with Metropolitan France.

This would, of course, be a direct challenge to the fundamental policy formulated by Gen. de Gaulle in his speech in Constantine, Algeria, which called for economic and social emancipation of the Algerian Moslem masses as a prelude to political settlement on the dual basis of "Algeria's own personality and close ties between Algeria and France."

Senegal Votes For Independent Status

DAKAR, French West Africa (Reuter). — The General Territorial Assembly on Tuesday voted unanimously to make Senegal an independent state within the "French Community."

The vote was the result of the right given Senegal under the new de Gaulle Constitution to choose its future status.

The Assembly adopted a resolution stating that Senegal would adhere to the federation to be formed among the former territories of French West and Equatorial Africa which had made the same choice.

Ghana Opposition Raps Guinea Union

ACCRA (Reuter). — Dr. N. R. Busia, leader of Ghana's parliamentary opposition, said on Tuesday that if his United Party came to power it would disregard Sunday's Ghana-Guinea declaration that they would form the nucleus of a Union of West Africa.

The declaration, on which the opposition was not consulted, was an "unrealistic approach to fostering a Union of West African States," and his party would revise the entire question, he told a press conference.

It was announced in Accra on Wednesday that Prime Minister Nkrumah will visit Pakistan next January. He is due to visit India and Ceylon next month.

Algiers Rebel Leader Slain

ALGIERS, (Reuter).—French forces have captured the chief of the insurgent forces in the Algiers region, military headquarters announced on Wednesday.

They said the chief, Si Azeddine, was captured near Palestro, southeast of Algiers, where paratroop General Massu is leading an all-out offensive against insurgents.

An eye-witness said French paratroopers found Si Azeddine fleeing after a fierce battle between the paratroopers and an insurgent commando. He was up to his waist in water and had three bullet wounds in his left arm.

In Paris, the Ministry of Interior announced that six Algerians were killed and five wounded in Metropolitan France last week in clashes between the rival Algerian nationalist organizations, FLN and MKA.

The Ministry said security police arrested 326 members of the FLN and MKA and seized important documents, arms, 4m. francs collected for Algerian insurgents, and screened 10,272 persons.

Anti-Semitism Alleged Among French Troops

PARIS (INA). — A number of anti-Semitic incidents in which French paratroopers and Moslems joined against Jews in the last few months are reported by "Le Juive," the only Jewish paper now appearing in North Africa. On one occasion, upon the accusation by a Moslem that Jews in a certain quarter of Constantine had insulted de Gaulle and France, paratroopers forced Jewish women in the quarter out of their houses and made them wash the streets. On other occasions, Jews were insulted or came to blows with French troops.

The Algerian Jewish Committee for Social Studies, the leading central organization of the Jewish community, has notified the Algerian authorities and asked them to take action.

Kassem Claims He Foiled Plot Against Syria

BAGHDAD (Reuter). — Premier Brigadier Abdul arem Kassem said on Wednesday that he had foiled an "imperialistic plot" against Syria in 1956.

Kassem, who was inaugurating the fourth Union conference in Baghdad, said he had been sent to Jordan in 1956 to command the Iraqi forces despatched to attack Syria.

Instead, he approached responsible Syrian Army Officers and it was agreed that he should command both Iraqi and Syrian forces in order to foil any military action.

"We succeeded through caution and secrecy to turn the imperialistic plans upside down," Kassem told the conference.

He said the Baghdad authorities suspected him and decided to recall him, but they agreed with him that Iraqi officers should stay in Amman and were therefore unable to withdraw him or force him to execute the plan of attack.

Asked for More Troops

Brigadier Kassem said he also told the Baghdad authorities he needed more troops to fight Syrian forces.

Turning to Iraq's foreign policy, he said: "We are an independent, sovereign and peace-loving republic. We are a neutral state which extends the hand of friendship to all friendly states. We cooperate with Arab countries without reward and with foreign countries on a basis of mutual benefit.

"We act by surprises. The important thing is to reach our goals, not to tell the world we shall reach our goals. Iraq will be a source of Arab nationalism and will march in the Arab procession quietly and wisely."

"Our revenues will help us to build a strong army to safeguard neutrality and our cooperation with Arab brothers anywhere and any time," Brigadier Kassem said.

'Looted' by Foreigners

Reviewing the situation under the old regime of Nuri es-Said, the Premier said, "Foreigners looted and wasted the country's wealth while the people outside Baghdad drank stagnant water and lived in miserable conditions."

He said the Iraqi Treasury had owed £4.5 m. when the Revolutionary Government took over. "We were unable to pay the salaries of Government servants. But we have overcome the difficulty. The debt is paid and the Treasury has a surplus of £15m.

Referring to Arab Kurdish unity in Iraq, the Premier said, "Covetous people have tried to penetrate our ranks. Some of my Kurdish brothers brought me maps and money distributed to them by imperialists in order to disrupt our ranks."

U.S. Doubts Nasser Policies Inspired by Communism

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — Secretary of State Dulles said on Wednesday he doubted that the external political activities of the United Arab Republic were inspired by international Communism, although some of them might fit into Communist desires and policies.

He was asked at his press conference if he thought they were inspired and encouraged by Communists and, if so, what effect were they having on the stability of the Middle East.

Mr. Dulles said he thought these activities could be explained by the desire of the U.A.R. to broaden the concept of Arab unity.

In reply to another question, he told the press conference that the U.S. did not consider that closer relations between Italy and Arab countries are in any way incompatible with Italy's Nato responsibilities.

He said that if indeed Italy was seeking to develop closer ties with the Arab world, that is something the U.S. will view with favour.

He had been asked by an Italian correspondent to comment on reports that Italy is embarking upon a new course which would involve a lessening of ties with Nato and at the same time closer relations with the Arab world.

Mr. Dulles described Italy as one of the most stalwart and active members of Nato.

Commenting on events in the Sudan, he said Gen. Aboud's regime was basically dedicated to independence and to good relations with its neighbours.

The U.S. favoured both these objectives, he told his press conference. He did not comment further, saying that it would be premature to do so since the new Government had not yet disclosed its policies.

Cairo Says Bourguiba Paid Off with Arms

CAIRO (Reuter).— The Egyptian press on Wednesday described Anglo-American promises of arms to President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia as "payment for his attack against the United Arab Republic."

The newspaper "Al Shaab" said other imperialist agents had cashed similar payments but did not live long enough to enjoy them.

"Bourguiba and King Hussein (of Jordan) will learn their lesson only when they join their dead predecessors and then it will be too late," the daily said.

The semi-official newspaper "Al Ahram" commented that deliveries of American and British arms were obviously directed against the Algerian Liberation Army.

Too Much Being Spent on Arms

WASHINGTON (UPI). — America is still spending too much on military efforts throughout the world and not enough on economic development, Secretary of State Dulles told his weekly press conference on Wednesday.

But, he added, it is very difficult to determine exactly what the proper balance should be between military and economic aid expenditure.

Mr. Dulles said it would probably be impossible for the free nations to match the Communists in their rate of economic progress. China, he said, is "turning its people into slaves and pack horses, and destroying the family system and human dignity in its drive for economic development."

But he added, dynamic progress in the free underdeveloped nations of Asia is possible and is a vital concern of the U.S.

Paris, Bonn Agree On Common Market Study

BAD KREUZNACH, West Germany (Reuter).—Chancellor Konrad Adenauer and French Premier, Gen. Charles de Gaulle, agreed on Wednesday to the study of a multi-lateral association between the six-nation European Common Market and the 11 members of the Organization for European Economic Cooperation.

This was announced in a joint communique after their meeting here.

The communique said the meeting had given opportunity for the two Governments to reaffirm their basic agreement on great international problems and to stress the value which they attached to understanding between them.

The talks began in the cream-painted Kurhaus Hotel here an hour later than expected as Gen. de Gaulle's plane was diverted because of fog.

The hotel is on an island in the River Nahe and the two leaders conferred in a room overlooking the river. Big forces of police surrounded the hotel.

Von Horn Confers With Jordan P.M.

General Carl von Horn, U.N. Chief of Staff, conferred for two hours with Jordan Premier Samir Rifa'i in Amman on Wednesday, ANA reports. He was accompanied by his legal adviser, M. Henri Vigier. According to the agency, they discussed general armistice affairs.

Before returning to Jerusalem, General von Horn conferred with Mr. Piero Spinelli, the U.N. Special Ambassador to Arab countries in the Middle East.

HUNGARIAN LEADERS ALL RE-APPOINTED

BUDAPEST (UPI). — The new Hungarian parliament in its first session on Wednesday unanimously re-elected the same Communist Government which had ruled the country before the general elections earlier this month.

In a short one-hour session the 338 deputies re-elected istvan Dabi as President and Ferenc Muennich as Premier.

RULER OF KUWAIT VISITING LEBANON

The ruler of Kuwait, the Emir Abdullah Salem el-Sabah, arrived in Beirut on Wednesday for talks with Premier Karameh, Beirut Radio reported.

Russia Still Held Responsible

WASHINGTON. — Secretary of State Dulles, at his news conference on Wednesday, said the Western Allies and West Germany have agreed to deal with East German officials as agents of the Soviet Union in Berlin. He emphasized, however, that this course of action depended on the specific circumstances arising out of any assumption of Soviet duties by East German officials.

(Mr. Dulles' press conference followed by several hours an announcement from East Berlin that the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Andrei Gromyko, had conferred with East German leaders in that city "within the last few days." At the same time, it was announced from West Berlin that Chancellor Adenauer will visit the western part of the divided capital on December 5. A Soviet Embassy spokesman said in East Berlin that a further announcement on Mr. Gromyko's visit would be made later.)

No Recognition

The Secretary of State said the Western powers had agreed that nothing should be done which could be interpreted as giving to the East German regime authority and rights to deal with matters that are Soviet responsibilities. The West will continue to hold Russia responsible for keeping the isolated city open to the world, in accordance with the Paris Agreement of 1949, he stressed.

As for dealing with the East Germans as agents of the Russians, Mr. Dulles noted that West German and other allied officials have dealt with minor functionaries of the East German regime on a *de facto* basis. Such dealings cannot be excluded, he said.

Pressed to say whether the West would use force to keep communications with Berlin open, the Secretary said this question was academic, since there have been no indications that the Russians contemplate a blockade. Their aim, he said, apparently is to win greater prestige and recognition for the East German puppet regime.

Tendency Unknown

Asked to comment on reports from West Germany of increasing sentiment there for closer contacts with the East Germans, Mr. Dulles said these reports had not come to his attention.

Mr. Dulles also made these points about the Berlin situation:

— The views of the Federal German Republic carry much weight in the formulation of America's German policy. He made this comment in reply to a question about chances for renewing of top-level talks on German unification and European security.

But Mr. Dulles said that the present Soviet mood was not favourable for new negotiations on this problem.

14 Meetings But No Agenda at Geneva

GENEVA (Reuter). — The East-West military conference on Prevention of Surprise Attack held its 14th session on Wednesday, again failing to reach agreement on an agenda, after a 15-minute private discussion.

Authoritative Western sources revealed afterwards that Western experts had already explained their ideas about a plan of work and now felt it was up to the Communists to decide whether the conference could proceed.

Conference sources said that Mr. William Foster, head of the U.S. experts on Wednesday explained the three Western technical documents in detail.

The Soviet First Deputy Foreign Minister F. Kuznetsov was reported to have said the Russian delegation would study the Western statement. An authoritative Soviet source said he would probably reply on Thursday (today).

Thirteen Questions

At the concurrent talks on suspension of nuclear tests, U.S. and British delegates were awaiting the Soviet reply to 13 questions on administrative and political aspects of an international control system.

The questions were put by Britain in a paper on Tuesday.

In a letter published in London on Wednesday, Soviet Premier Khrushchev rejected the proposal of the U.S. and Britain for a yearly suspension of nuclear tests.

One year was approximately the time needed to prepare for further tests, he wrote to the Rev. Barry Waters, Chairman of the Walthamstow group of the campaign for nuclear disarmament.

"Consequently to make a statement about the suspension of tests for one year after having carried out a series of intensive tests is tantamount to declaring a hunger strike until dinner time, after having had a substantial lunch," Mr. Khrushchev wrote.

BRITISH WARNING

LONDON (Reuter). — Prime Minister Macmillan has sent the Soviet Prime Minister, Mr. Khrushchev, a personal message which is believed to warn of the consequences liable to follow any attempt to alter the status of Berlin.

Mr. Ormsby Gore, Minister of State at the Foreign Office, on Wednesday told a Commons questioner that the message left the Soviet Government in no doubt about Britain's position.

CUBAN ARMY CLAIMS 100 REBELS KILLED

HAVANA (Reuter). — The Cuban Army reports that over 100 rebels were killed in action at Dos Palmas 40 kilometres northeast of Santiago, as rebels intensified their apparent efforts to cut local land communications.

The rebels say the army used four tanks against them.

Rosen or Bar-Yehuda For Welfare Ministry

Jerusalem Post Reporter

An Ahdut Ha'avoda Minister may be asked to take over the Social Welfare portfolio if the Justice Minister, Mr. P. Rosen, of the Progressive Party, declines a second Ministry, reliable sources stated in Jerusalem on Wednesday.

Mr. Rosen is known to be unenthusiastic about taking up the added burden. He is scheduled to give his final decision on the matter at the Cabinet meeting on Sunday, after a meeting of his party's Executive on the question in Tel Aviv today (Thursday). The suggestion has been raised that the appointment of a capable Deputy Minister from the Progressive party would do much to relieve Mr. Rosen of the added burden, enabling him to assume the Social Welfare portfolio.

2 British Warships Due in Haifa Today

More than 1,200 British sailors are due in Haifa harbour on Thursday (today) aboard two British warships which are paying an official courtesy call. The ships will remain in harbour for six days.

The Government Tourist Corporation, with the aid of the Haifa Municipality, the Seamen's Union and the Anglo-Israel Friendship Society, have made entertainment arrangements for the crews, including several dances and other parties.

New York Recovers From Stock Slump

NEW YORK, (Reuter). — A recovery took place when the stock market opened on Wednesday after three consecutive sessions of falling prices.

Fractional gains predominated and, as trading developed, these gains were extended to one dollar per share over a fairly wide range of stocks, and the stock tape fell behind dealings.

The market took a wide drop on Monday and Tuesday.

Moyal to Head Religious Ministry under Toledano

TEL AVIV. — Mr. Aaron Y. Moyal, legal consultant to the General Mortgage Bank and prominent member of the Sephardi community, told *The Jerusalem Post* on Wednesday that he had agreed to serve as Director-General of the Ministry for Religious Affairs.

He added: "I have known the Minister, Rabbi Toledano, for years and fully believe that his acceptance of the portfolio will prove to be of great benefit to the public welfare. From this point of view, and on condition that the management of the Mortgage Bank agree to release me temporarily, I agreed to the Minister's request."

Mr. Moyal is 55 years of age and has been legal advisor to the Mortgage Bank for 30 years. Born in Jaffa and a fifth generation *sabra*, he graduated from the Jerusalem Law Classes and received a Bachelor of Philosophy degree at the French College in Alexandria.

He has two children — a son who is a second year economics student at the Hebrew University and a daughter who attends the Geulah secondary school here.

The present Director-General of the Ministry is Dr. S.Z. Cahana.

Alaska Votes For Democrats

ANCHORAGE, Alaska (UPI) Democrats swept over Republicans like an arctic blizzard on Wednesday to win at least three of the four major offices in Alaska's first election as a State of the U.S.

The Democrats won the governorship for William A. Egan, a seat in the House of Representatives for Ralph J. Rivers and a seat in the Senate for E.L. Bartlett.

Mounting returns from points as distant as Shemya on the tip of the Aleutian chain to point Barrow on the Arctic Ocean, also gave the Democrats control of both Houses of Alaska's first State Legislature.

Jules Romains To Visit Israel

PARIS. — The great novelist, M. Jules Romains, will spend a fortnight in Israel starting January 24, as guest of the Government and the Hebrew University, where he will lecture.

This was announced at the founding meeting of the Marseilles branch of the French Friends of the Hebrew University by Mrs. H. Dikan, wife of the Israel Press Attache here who is organizing similar branches in all main provincial cities. The campaign has been launched for the recruitment of French "friends" who will each subscribe to annual dues ranging from 5,000 to 30,000 francs for the benefit of the University.

U.K. Worried About Berlin Anti-Semitism

LONDON (Reuter). — Asked in the House of Commons on Wednesday whether he is aware of an anti-Semitic campaign in the British sector of Berlin, Minister of State Ormsby Gore replied that a display of anti-Jewish slogans in part of the British sector was under investigation by the West German police.

He added: "The British Foreign Secretary considered a recurrence of this sort of thing to be deplorable and he is having his own enquiries made."

Remand Order Against Spy Suspects Extended

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA.— The Relieving President of the District Court, Judge Benyamin Zohar, on Wednesday extended for another month the remand order against three men charged with espionage. Within that time they are to be brought to court for a preliminary examination.

The three men, who were arrested on September, are Nabil Khoury, a teacher at a Government school in Galilee, his brother, Osman Khoury, a Hebrew University medical student—the sons of the Acre lawyer Jamil Khoury — and Fahed Hassin, of Acre. They are charged with communicating with enemy agents and conspiring against the security of the State.

District Attorney L. Rabinowitz, requesting extension of their remand, said that the accused had insisted on a preliminary examination. He objected to their release on bail because of the gravity of the charges against them. Police Sergeant Peretz Cohen, of the Special Duties Department, testified that in his opinion there was a risk of the accused trying to evade justice if they were released on bail, and that their release was prejudicial to the security of the state.

UAR Believed Dropping Air-Photography Flares

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — U.A.R. planes are understood to have dropped flares over Israel and Jordan territory in the last few days. Unofficial sources believe that they were intended to aid U.A.R. military intelligence operations, but no comment was forthcoming from official Israel circles here.

Flares may be used to provide illumination for aerial photography at night by low-flying planes. Aircraft in the possession of the U.A.R. air force capable of carrying out such operations include the Ilyushin 28 fighter-bombers, which are capable of sufficiently slow speeds for night photography.

U.A.R. intelligence activity in and over Israel territory has increased of late, as witness the Egyptian reconnaissance patrol which was bagged near the Gaza Strip border last week.

The Army spokesman, commenting on Tuesday night on the Jordanian charge that Israel planes had "bombed" Jordan territory said: "Israel territory also suffered such 'bombing'."

In tomorrow's 12-Page issue of The Jerusalem Post

- **ISRAEL IN THE KREMLIN'S EYES** — The slanderous booklet in which the Soviet concepts of Zionism and Israel are comprehensively summarized for the first time in a masterly net of half-truths is described in a full-page review by George Leonef.
- **OUR MAIN DOLLAR EARNER** — How much can we afford to expand our citrus groves? Is it true that at the present export premiums the growers are losing money? How is the Jaffa doing abroad? All these questions are fully and objectively answered, for the first time in tomorrow's issue.
- **GEORGE HALPERN AT 80** — A colourful pioneering career still in the making.
- **AWAY FROM THE DODOS** — A review of Angus Wilson's new novel.
- **CHESS — WITTY OR NITTY?** — The game of kings through Ephraim Kishon's eyes.

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Social & Personal

The President and Mrs Rahel Ben-Zvi on Wednesday received Judge Sergio Piberno, President of the Jewish Communal Association of Italy, and Mrs. Piberno.

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The Foreign Minister, Mrs Golda Meir, on Tuesday gave a dinner at her home. The guests included the Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. P. Sapir; the British Ambassador and Lady Rundall; the Brazilian Minister and Mrs. Tabajará de Oliveira; the Polish Minister and Mrs. Bida; the Guatemalan Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Jorge Garcia Granados; the Counsellor at the British Embassy, Miss Barbara Salt; Mr. and Mrs. Katriel Katz; Mr. and Mrs. Michael Comay; Mr. and Mrs. Shmuel Bentsur; Mrs. Rebecca Sieff, and Miss Eiga Shapira.

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The Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Pinhas Sapir, on Wednesday received Mr. Irving Gutterman, a Bond leader of Jersey City, New Jersey, and Mrs. Gutterman.

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Mr. I. Barzilai, the Minister of Health, who this week assumed the additional portfolio of Posts, on Tuesday held his first official meeting with the Director General of the Ministry of Posts, Mr. H. Bar-Menahem, to discuss Ministry affairs.

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The participants in the Afro-Asian Seminar on Cooperation were the guests of the Haifa Labour Council at the Orah Cinema on Wednesday night. The gathering was addressed by Mayor A. Khoushy, and the Council Secretary, Mr. Y. Almogi, M.K.

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The El Al representative, Mr. E. Laserson, was on Monday chosen Vice-President of the current annual conference of IATA public relations officials being held in Hamburg. Mr. Laserson presented the President of the conference, the BOAC representative, with a silver-trimmed olive-wood gavel, the gift of El Al to IATA.

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A perpetual scholarship to commemorate the late Yisrael Braun, who fell during the 1929 riots, has been established at the Technion by the parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Braun of Petah Tikva. The first award in the amount of IL500 will be presented this year to an outstanding student of mathematics in need of financial aid.

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Dr. A. Abramovitch, of Hadassah Hospital, will speak on "Health Problems in Tel Aviv" at the weekly luncheon meeting of the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club at 1.15 p.m. today (Thursday) at the Z.O.A. House, Tel Aviv.

Mr. M. Luncz will talk on the History of the Exploration of the Holy Land at the weekly meeting of the Rotary Club of Kiryat Tivon, 8.30 p.m. on Thursday (tonight) at Pension Naveh.

BIRTHS

BROSHI — To Bilha, nee Tochen, and Dov Broshi, a son — brother to Gad. Misgav Ladach Hospital, Jerusalem.

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HLINE — To Nyunt, wife of U Tin Hline, Third Secretary, Burmese Embassy, Tel Aviv, at Assuta Hospital, on Tuesday, November 25, 1958, at 3.04 p.m. — a daughter. Both well.

OBITUARY

Ruth Barlow, former Principal of Jerusalem Girls College, died Thursday, October 30, 1958.

MEMORIAL MEETING

A memorial meeting for the late Dr. Rudolf Jacobi will be held today, November 27, at Beit Harofe, 2 Wingate Ave., Haifa, at 8.30 p.m.

LYDDA AIRPORT FLIGHTS

ARRIVALS: El Al 102 from Johannesburg, Leopoldville and Cano at 9.30. Air France 139 from Teheran at 15.50. El Al 408 from Istanbul at 16.30. El Al 206 from New York, London and Athens at 19.10. Alitalia 494 from Rome at 22.30. El Al 414 from London, Paris and Zurich at 22.55. Cyprus 124 from London, Zurich, Athens and Nicosia at 22.55. El Al 416 from Amsterdam, Cologne and Rome at 23.55.

DEPARTURES: Swissair 331 to Athens, Geneva and Zurich at 8.00. El Al 407 to Istanbul at 9.00. Sabena 538 to Athens, Vienna and Brussels at 10.00. Cyprus 23 to Nicosia, Istanbul, Rome and London at 10.30. K.L.M. 526 to Rome and Amsterdam at 12.15. El Al 207 to Rome, Paris and New York at 15.00. Air France 139 to Athens and Paris at 16.40.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Orah, 27 King George, 2043.
TEL AVIV: Allenby, 17 Allenby, 24553; Ben Yehuda, 20 Ben Yehuda; Dr. Michlin, 112 Allenby, 63285; Moscowitz, 25 King George, 62650; Bracha, 243 Dizengoff, 25440; Maccabi, New Maccabi Qtr., 31387. **JAFFA:** Nagah, Nr. Noga Cinema, 81896. **RAMAT GAN:** Lifshitz, 19 Herzl, 71771. **RISHON LEZION:** Karlin. **HOLON:** Ribak, Kikar Struma. **PETAH TIKVA:** Balchin, 40 Hovevei Zion. **REHOVOT:** Hanegev, 196 Herzl, 95-1245. **NATANYA:** Mercaz. **HAIFA:** Rapoport, 29 Herzl, 3596.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Grunwald, 22 Bin-Nun, 62963; Dr. Hameiri, 71 Bethlehem Road, 61457; Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 25748; Dr. Har-Even, 35 Sheinkin, 28411; Dr. Weiss, 78 Dizengoff; Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet, 51374. **HOLON:** Dr. Dekar, 12a Shikun Amami, Tel Gibborim.

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post November 27, 1958

In The Supreme Court Sitting as Court Of Civil Appeals

Before the Deputy President (Justice Cheshin) Justices Berinson and Witkon.

"Marzefia" Ltd., Appellants, v. The Tel Aviv Municipal Council, Respondent (C.A. 285/57).

Tel Aviv Office of Petah Tikva Factory To Pay Low Rate of Business Tax

The Supreme Court allowed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court, delivered on September 22, 1957 (in C. 138/57).

The appellants, the "Marzefia" company, are manufacturers of tiles whose factory is situated in the Petah Tikva district. They have an office in Tel Aviv, however, where they receive orders for tiles, have an accounting department and carry on other clerical work.

In accordance with the Tel Aviv (Municipal Business Tax) By-law of 1954, anyone who has an office or store-room in the Tel Aviv area in which goods are distributed or orders received on behalf of a factory which operates outside the Tel Aviv area is liable for a small amount of business tax (item 76), while anyone who has an office or other place of work in which accounting work or other auxiliary clerical work is done on behalf of a factory located outside the Tel Aviv area is liable for a still lesser rate of business tax (item 78). On the other hand a business concerned with "supply and marketing" is liable for a higher rate of business tax than either of the two kinds of offices mentioned above (item 11).

The Business Tax Tribunal applied to the Tel Aviv District Court by way of special case for its opinion on the question as to which of the above items of the First Schedule to the Business Tax by-law should be applied in establishing the amount of business tax to be paid to the Tel Aviv Municipality by the Marzefia company. District Court Judge Shilo held that as the activities pursued in the company's office in Tel Aviv were not completely covered either by item 76 or by item 78 (but only by both combined), therefore there was no alternative but to regard the office in question as being one dealing with "supply and marketing" and to tax the company at the higher rate.

The company appealed against this decision to the Supreme Court. Mr. Corot appeared for the appellants and Mr. Gur for the respondents.

Judgment

The decision of the Supreme Court was delivered in three separate judgments. Justice Witkon, who delivered the first judgment, said that in his opinion all four items, 76 to 79, of the First Schedule to the by-law are in the nature of special provisions (lex specialis) whose purpose it is to regulate the question of business taxes payable by business enterprises which keep offices or store-rooms in addition to and separately from their factories, workshops or other places of business, and which carry on auxiliary work in these offices or store-rooms. (see also C.A. 9/57, P.D. 12/278). There is no doubt, he said, that the fiscal authorities regarded these cases (in which separate offices or storerooms are kept in Tel Aviv, while the main business is either in the Tel Aviv area or outside of it, depending on the circumstances) as worthy of special consideration and therefore provided that the enterprises in question should not pay the same rate of business tax for these separate establishments in which auxiliary services are carried out, as specified in items 76 to 79, as for the main undertaking of the enterprise (the factory or workshop, etc.)

It may be deduced from this, he continued, that it is completely irrelevant whether the auxiliary services carried out in the separate office are part and parcel of the main business of the enterprise or not. He was even prepared to presume — without laying down any rule on the subject — that the work carried on in the appellants' office in Tel Aviv is part and parcel of the business of "supply and marketing," or even of the manufacture of tiles. But he thought, nevertheless that as the undertaking itself was in a different locality and the functions performed in a separate office, therefore the office came under one of the items 76 to 79, and not under item 11.

As to Judge Shilo's difficulty in finding a comprehensive item to cover all the activities carried on by the appellants in their Tel Aviv office, this could be solved simply, said Justice Witkon, by the application of section 2(6) of the by-law, which provides that in the event that it is possible to tax a business under more than one of the items specified in the First Schedule, then the business shall be taxed under the item which lays down the highest rate of tax. In the present case, therefore as the rate of tax under item 76 is higher than that under item 78, the appellants' Tel Aviv office should be taxed at the rate laid down by item 76.

Justice Cheshin

Justice Cheshin said that the District Court had not been entitled to regard item 11 as a general repository for hybrid business premises. The only justification for taxing the appellants' office under this item would be, he continued, if the functions carried on there come within the definition of "supply and marketing," with which item 11 deals.

He then discussed the meaning of "supply and marketing" and concluded that these two functions can only be said to operate when the two factors of distance and concentration of goods exist. In other words there must be concentration of goods in a certain central place from which they are then despatched to buyers scattered all over the country, before the functions of supply and marketing can be said to operate, he held. In the present case, however, the appellants merely accept orders in their Tel Aviv office, but do not use it as a concentration point for the goods which they manufacture for the purpose of despatching them from there to the whole country. He might even be prepared to concede, continued Justice Cheshin, that the appellants use their office for the purpose of distributing goods, but distribution must be distinguished from supply and marketing as coming after the process of selling the goods has already been achieved by the supply and marketing department.

As to the respondents' argument that the office in question is used also for accounting and correspondence, this is neither here nor there, said Justice Cheshin, as these operations are not in the least characteristic of supply and marketing. On the contrary, they were given a separate item in the by-law and were not attached to item 11 which deals exclusively with supply and marketing.

As to the rule with regard to the rate of tax payable by an office which both accepts orders and deals with correspondence and accounting, he too thought that the solution to it was to be found in section 2(6) of the by-law, and that the appellants should, therefore, be taxed under item 76.

Justice Berinson

Justice Berinson agreed that the appeal should be allowed and that the appellants should be taxed under item 76, although it did not cover all the activities carried on in the appellants' office. But this item did at least include only such activities as were carried on there and not anything extraneous. On the other hand the appellants most certainly did not carry on the operation of supply from their office as this entailed the sending out of supplies from the place in which they obtained — which was not the office in question. Nor did they carry on the operation of marketing, which entails the actual process of selling the goods on the spot.

Appeal allowed with IL150 costs.

Reasoned judgment given on November 10, 1958.

Negev Sowing Draws to Close

BEERSHEBA. — Sowing of winter grains on Jewish owned lands in the Negev is drawing to a close with more than 500,000 dunam already planted. More than half of this area is sown to wheat. The Negev beduin are still seeding their 300,000 dunam and in many areas have even discontinued seeding in anticipation of rain.

Reshevsky, Wade In Simultaneous Games

RAMAT GAN. — A simultaneous chess tourney between U.S. Grandmaster Samuel Reshevsky and 30 students, lecturers and local residents was held at the Bar-Ilan University here on Tuesday afternoon.

After two hours' play, Mr. Reshevsky defeated 28 of his opponents and drew with two players: Zvi Birenboim, a third year mathematics student, and Mr. L. Lieber, one of the owners of the chocolate and sweets factory.

On Monday evening, British Chess Master R. Wade played a simultaneous match against 20 settlers of Galilee kibbutzim at Ayeleth Hashahar. He won on 14 boards, drew one and lost five. One of the victors was 14-year-old Gadi Levin, of Hulata.

Occupational Therapy Class Graduates

Twenty occupational therapy students received their diplomas at a commencement ceremony at Hadassah Hospital, Jerusalem, on Wednesday.

The graduates completed an intensive three-year course under the joint auspices of the Ministry of Health, the Hadassah Medical Organization, the Invalidity Fund (Kupat Holim) and Malben. This is the fifth class to have graduated since the courses were opened in Jerusalem in 1947. Ninety-two diplomas have been awarded.

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Israel Philatelists Hit By Government Stamp Policies

By MACABEE KASKIN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

The price of Israel's stamps collected as a hobby—and as a business by philatelists—has dropped steadily in the past 18 months and is continuing to decline.

This is stated in Jerusalem by stamp dealers who point out that the market value of the "Doar Ivri" series, the first stamps put out by the sovereign State of Israel and now considered Israel's "classic stamps," has dropped by more than 50 per cent in the past 18 months. The prices of other series have dropped by even greater percentages, it is claimed.

In July, 1957, the "Doar Ivri" series, consisting of stamps with descriptive tabs ranging in denominations from three mils (this was before the introduction of the word pruta) to 1,000 mils sold for IL1,000 — and hard to get at the price. By December, 1957, the series had dropped to IL900; by March, 1958, to IL680 and today to IL500.

Although listed today at IL500, most dealers are ready to sell them from 40 to 30 per cent below list price — if they can find buyers.

Another example is the Rothschild (300 pruta) stamp, which sold for IL2,950 in July 1957, for IL1,100 in December 1957, and for 500 pruta in September of this year.

The "Tabil" First Day series sold for IL1,150. Today, it can be obtained easily for 500 pruta.

Stamp dealers blame the sharp fall in prices on the fact that the Government does not reveal how many stamps of any one type it prints, nor does it say whether it has destroyed the plates. Theoretically at least, if the plates still exist the Government can print more stamps of any specific type at any time, thus upsetting the laws of supply and demand.

Another reason given is the establishment of the Israel Philatelic Agency in America, which supplies the entire American market with stamps at their face value plus shipping charges. American stamp dealers, who years ago used to contact Israel stamp dealers, now buy directly from the Agency.

The stamp dealers further charge that the Government, through the local Philatelic Agency, has created a "stamp panic." By continuously advertising stamps before they appear, it has considerably swelled the number of purchasers—many of them speculators and not collectors. They flood the post offices on the days the new stamps are issued, buy huge quantities, and then wait for the price to go up.

U.K. Labour Issues Election Platform

LONDON (Reuter). — The British Labour Party this week published its plan for five years of Socialist rule in preparation for the general election which it expects the Conservative Government to spring upon the nation within the next six to nine months.

The new blue-print — a 60,000-word illustrated pamphlet — summarizes the main points of 13 separate policy statements which the Party has published over the past three years. It will be the basis of the Party's fight to recapture power last held in 1951.

In it, the Party reaffirms it will urge the admission of Communist China to the U.N., establish diplomatic relations with the U.A.R. and set up an Economic Council for the Middle East to "fight poverty and ensure fairer distribution of oil profits."

Here are some of the pledges the pamphlet makes for Labour:

Full acceptance of the duty to maintain Britain's military defence, but a lead in pressing for all-round disarmament.

Action to encourage home ownership, a code of industrial conduct aimed at raising the status of the worker, improved educational methods and hospital accommodation.

Renationalization of iron and steel and road transport, attack on any instalment buying ramps, a close watch on prices and profits.

The setting aside of one per cent of national income to help raise the living standards of the under-developed peoples of the Commonwealth.

Initiative to strengthen ties between the independent Commonwealth members.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME

522, 249, 33.3 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

English: 2.00 p.m. **French:** 2.15 p.m.

6.30 Religious Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Verdi: Overture "Louise Miller" Shostakovitch: Ballet Suite "The Golden Age", op. 22, Khatchaturian: Piano Concerto (Soloist: Moura Lympani). 12.00 Sephardic Tunes. 12.20 Lunchtime Music. 12.45 Housewife's Request Programme. 1.45 Where to Go? 1.50 Light Music. 2.30 Close Down.

4.30 p.m. News in English, Swedish and Spanish. 5.05 Popular Songs and Melodies. 5.25 "Original Arrangements" for Violin and Piano played by David Lein-Hen and Edna Gal Pugnani-Kreisler: Introduction and Allegro, Paul Ben-Haim: Sephardic Lullaby, Bela Bartok: Roumanian Folk Dances. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Sports. 6.40 Talmud Lesson. 7.20 Ron Ami. 7.35 Woman's Programme. 8.05 Noah's Ark. 8.50 Bible Reading. Melachim 1, chap. 7 & 8. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Appointment in Israel — Programme edited by Peter Frye with the participation of Y. Targuin. 10.05 At the Knesset. 10.35 Song and Dance Request Programme. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

422, 460, 292.7, 41.7 & 33.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 "Water Music" by Handel (arr. Harty), played by the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra, conducted by Izler Solomon. 6.30 Musical Bag.

7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Mograbit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Rumanian. 9.15 Hungarian. 9.30 Polish. 9.45 News in English. 10.00 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME

407 & 41.07 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30—7.15 a.m. 1.15—2.15 and 5.30—11.15 p.m. Persian 5.15 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.):

Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News. 6.37 "Thursday Column" — Walter Eytan. 6.45 Newsreel. 6.52 Afrikaans Programme.

Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.22 "Thursday Column" —Walter Eytan. 10.30 "Around & About." 10.40 The Week's Portion.

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4, 216, 225 & 235 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.32 Songs. 7.00 News. 7.15 "Bow & Arrow." 7.45 "Worth Listening To." 8.05 Noah's Ark. 8.50 "Intermezzo." 9.00 News. 9.15 Excerpts from Operas. 9.45 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.90, 16.84 & 24.80): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News, New Talk, Week's Feature.

MUSIC U.S.A. (19 & 25 M.): Voice of America: 9.00—11.00 p.m. Light Music & Jazz.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 496 M.): 7.00 a.m. News. 12.30 p.m. Midday Melodies. 1.30 News. 4.30 Teatime Music. 7.00 News and Commentary. 7.15 Music from Holland. 10.00 "Uncertain Sounds." 10.30 Sandy Macpheson at the Theatre Organ. 11.00 News.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

3.30, 6.45, 8.45

ARNON: Twilight for the Gods
EDEN: Raintree County
ORNA: Ten North Frederick
ORION: Hercules
OR GIL: Witness for the Prosecution
RON: The Strange One
SEMADAR: Bolshoi Ballet
TEL OR: Une Vie
ZION HALL: The Buster Keaton Story
EDISON: Sissi (2 Teil) Die Junge Kaiserin
STUDIO: Piroschka

TEL AVIV

3.30, 7.15, 9.15

ALLENBY: Robinson 3.30, 7.15 9.30.
ARMON DAVID: Montparnasse 19
CHEN: Run Silent, Run Deep 3.30, 6.45, 8.45
EDEN: The Rich Walter 3.30, 6.45, 8.45
ESTHER: Les Girls
GAT: The First Texan
MAXIM: Sisters
MIGDALOR: La Traversee de Paris
MOGRABI: The Bridge on the River Kwai
OPHIR: Gliendalina
ORION: Foreign Intrigue 3.30, 7.15, 9.30.
PEER: Herr Ueber Leben Und Tod
SHDEROTH: Viktoria Und Ihr Husar
TAMAR: An Angel Passed in Brooklyn
TCHELET: Guys and Dolls
TEL AVIV: Fraulein
YARON: Der Kongress Tanzt
ZAMIR: Aphrodite
ZAFON: Disperate Addie

HAIFA

3.30, 6.45, 9

MORIAH: Don't Go Near the Water
ARMON: Husaren Manoever
EN DOR: Don't Tell Anyone
ORLY: Et Dieu. . . cree la femme
AMPHITHEATRE: A Certain Smile
ORAH: Big House, U.S.A.
PEER: The Bridge on the River Kwai. 3, 6, 9.
ATZMON: Angst
GAL OR: The Last Song
MAY: Until They Sail

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Monday, December 1, at 8.30 p.m.
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Where to go

• **Meet the Israeli:** — Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

• **Zoo:** —
• **Exhibitions:** —
Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art, 100 works of Julius Pascin (Bezalel Museum's Collection). Ludwig Schwerin, watercolours, gouaches and drawings. Paintings by Landau, of the Ecole de Paris. Woodcut Illustrations to Virgil, 1502 edition. Archaeological pieces from the Museum's collections. Samples of Primitive Sculpture. Bezalel Museum, 9-1, 2.30-5.
Oil paintings by Kalman Haak, Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.
Oils, gouaches, watercolours and drawings by Helen Barth, Hanna Holsmann: Artistic Creations Nora Art Gallery, 9 Maimon Ave., 10-1, 3-6.
Children's Paintings — pupils of Mrs. Tessa Rakosh. Artists House, 10-1, 4-6.
Water colours by Henry Miller, Jerusalem Artists House, 10-1; 4-7.
• **Theatre:** —
Habimah, "Street of Stairs," Edison, 9.
• **Tours** —
Hebrew University conducted tour in English, daily at 12 noon, New University Campus. Every Tuesday* leaving Administration Bldg., 11 a.m., a visit to Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School in Ein Karem. Phone (until Monday) 62980 for Bookings.
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting at 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.
• **Film Shows:** —
Israel Films daily, 11.30 Keren Hayesod Hall.
• **Lecture:** —
An illustrated talk on the Minorities Folklore Exhibition in Acre, Beit Hillel, Rehov Balfour, 8.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV

• **Restaurants:** —
Italian specialities. Lunch, Dinner. Luky's Bar Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd. First Class Italian menu at IL5. Phone 23752.
• **Exhibitions:** —
"Wizo on View," Wizo Tourist Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, 9-3.
"Sculpture in Israel — 1957-1958," Tel Aviv Museum, 10-4.
Painters and Sculptors Gallery, 26 Rehov Weizmann, 10-1, 4-7.
Paintings by David Labkovski, Artists Pavilion, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.
• **Tourist Service** :—
Visit Hadassah Club, 89 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23239.
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825, 8-2 p.m.
• **Theatre:** —
Habimah, "Cry, the Beloved Country," 8.
Ohel, "Blockade Runners," 8.30.
Cameri, "Look Homeward Angel," 8

HAIFA

• **Tourist Service:** —
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliyah Offices, 22 Rehov Hahalutz, Tel. 67955.
• **Exhibition:** —
Exhibition of Consumer Goods: fabrics, furniture and tableware. Industrial Design Exhibition Centre, Beit Hakranot 10-1, 4-7
• **Theatre:** —
Habimah, "Hanna Senesh" (auspices Haifa Labour Council). Armon, 9.
• **Entertainment:** —
Dalgan & Szumacher: "Zeh vi du gehst," May Hall, 8.30.
• **Golden Age Club:** —
Alisa Schwarz, Editorial Board Yedioth Hayom: "From the Workshop of a Journalist" Hillel Lodge, 2 Wedgewood Ave., Central Carmel, 4.30 p.m. Guests welcome.

RAMAT GAN

• **Lecture:** —
"Creation of the Universe in the Light of Modern Science," Prof. Y.K. Bentor; auspices Amateur Astronomical Society of Israel. Cultural Centre, 8.15 p.m.

COMING EVENTS

JERUSALEM

• Grand Hanukka Ball, Dec. 6: Holyland Hotel; patronage Mayor of Jerusalem.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

NOVEMBER 26, 1958

Pop. Loan 1949/69 (IL10)	100½
4% Comp. Loan 56/67	71
Pal. Bearer Bds. Ser. 3	96½
2½% Comp. Loan	65½
3½% War Loan 54/59	97
3½% Tavel Dollar x)	96½
4% Reg. Sterling "A"	97½
Def. Loan Bonds 61½% f)	101½
4½% Def. Bonds f)	102½
6½% Def. Bonds g)	102½
6½% Loc. C. Debs. f)	102
6½% Loc. C. Debs. g)	102½
Pal. Elec. pref. sh. (Ldn.)	278
6½% Bonds 58/65 f)	106½
ditto g)	113½
Keren Hayesod	108
6½% Deb. 58/65 ff	106½
ditto g)	102
6% Deb. 59/68 f)	101½
ditto g)	102½
Igroth 6½% Deb. 58/65	103
Rassco 6½% Deb. 58/64	109½
Class "A" f)	
Class "B" g)	
Rassco 6% pref. ord. sh.	90½
Bk. Leumi ord. sh.	146½
Bearer Savings Cert. '59	95½
Bk. Leumi Investment Ord. sh. 'B' reg.	100
Ata ord. 'B' sh.	80
"Kurdanch" ord. 'B'	80½
7% con. debs. 59/68	80½
"Teva" ord. sh.	81
Pal. Cold St. ord sh. reg.	135
Pasa 4% debs. 40/64 reg.	83½
Bizur 4% debs. 56/65	90½
Nir 5% pref. sh.	94½
Gen. Mortg. Bk. ord. sh.	76
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	89½
5% debs.	82½
Afr. Pal. Inv. ord. sh.	66
Moller ord. sh. reg.	1075
Pal. Brewery 8% con. debs	74½
Assis Bejarano "B" sh.	68
Nesher 6% debs "A" 55/64	117
Pal. Potash "A" ord. sh.	53½
Dead Sea Works 5% Deb. reg.	281
Delek ord sh. "C"	85½
Mekorot pref. sh.	78
Jordan Exploration Co. Ord. sh. reg.	59

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex-coupon; d) ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) linked with $; g) linked with C.o.L.; x) in % of IL1,800.

Drivers' Medical Exam. Committee

A committee of specialists was appointed by the Minister of Transport on Tuesday to lay down the conditions of a medical examination which drivers will in future be required to pass, the Ministry's spokesman announced.

The committee, appointed following the recent Musrara Bridge bus disaster as a result of which 11 persons lost their lives, will be composed of: Dr. A. Sapiro, Dr. K. Dror, Mr. Z. Shahor, of the Ministry of Transport, and Mr. M. Bar-Netz, of the Israel Railways.

The committee also has the authority to decide if licensed drivers will have to submit to a medical examination or whether it will apply only to candidates for a licence or to certain categories of drivers (bus, truck, taxi, etc.)

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De Luxe 35,000 Kms., excellent condition. Call: the Argentine Embassy, phone 23947, Tel Aviv, between 9 a.m. and 12 noon.

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Required:
1) Instruments Mechanics (Workshops)
2) Instruments Mechanics (Line)
3) Radio Technicians
4) I.B.M. Punching Machine Operators
Please apply: Personnel Department, Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday between 8—11 a.m.

Notices to the Public

TELEPHONE RATES

The Post Office Administration hereby draws the attention of the public to the higher telephone rates which will go into effect on December 1, 1958. Subscribers or applicants for new telephones who already have or are due to receive accounts for installation or re-installation fees, etc. prior to December 1, 1958, are asked to settle their accounts not later than November 30, 1958. Failing this, subscribers will be obliged to pay at the new rates.

No Summer Time In Coming Year

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Summer time will not be re-instituted next year, according to a decision taken by the Minister of Interior, Mr. I. Bar-Yehuda.

A recent poll of 38 affected companies and government bodies showed that 22 were against re-instituting summer time, 10 were for, and six were in doubt.

Among those against were the Dan bus company, Kol Yisrael, the Courts Administration, the State Controller, the Post Office, El Al, Magen David Adom, the Ohel and Cameri Theatres, and several banks. Those for summer time included Tel Hashomer Hospital, Hamashbir Hamerkazi, the Tel Aviv District Court, the Workers Bank and the Agriculture Ministry's Fodder Division.

PRESS. — Only Moroccans may henceforth publish newspapers in Morocco, according to a "Charter of Public Liberties" published on Tuesday.

THE DISTRICT COURT, TEL AVIV-YAFO
Liquidation File No. 3217/58
NOTICE CONCERNING APPLICATION FOR THE LIQUIDATION OF A COMPANY

Companies Ordinance 1929
AND IN THE MATTER OF: HEVRAT LETIKHNUN VEKABLANUT LTD. 87 Rehov Hagalgal, Ramat Gan.

Notice is hereby given that application was made for liquidation of the abovementioned company, on November 11, 1958, and that an order has been issued for the said application to be considered by the court sitting in Tel Aviv on December 25, 1958, and that any creditor or partner of the said firm wishing to support the issue of an order or to oppose the said application, may appear in court during the said sitting, either in person or through an advocate, and a copy of the said application will be given to any creditor or partner of the said firm who may require one from the undersigned in return for a fee fixed for this purpose.

(Sgd.) Dr. Y. Vitin,
Principal Assistant to District Attorney, Tel Aviv
Office of the Tel Aviv District Attorney, 9 Jaffa-Tel Aviv Road, (Romano House).

Note: Anyone wishing to appear during the hearing of the said application should submit, or forward by mail to the undersigned of the above Notice a document giving notice of his/her intention. The notice should carry the name and address of the firm in question and should be signed by the person or on behalf of the firm or by the advocate representing the said person or firm (in the event of their having an advocate). This notice should be delivered by hand or, if forwarded by mail, reach the above undersigned not later than 1 p.m. on the afternoon of December 24, 1958.

Wanted
Furnished Apartment
3 to 3½ rooms, North Tel Aviv.
Write: P.O.B. 1630, Tel Aviv.

WANTED
Apartment or one-family house
in Jerusalem
minimum 6 rooms, to rent or purchase.
Please apply: P.O.B. 120, (Shin), Jerusalem.

FOUND
in Ramat Gan on November 16
Young, black FRENCH POODLE
long-haired.
Owner phone Mrs. Wultf, 27121, Tel Aviv, mornings.
The reward will be donated to the Toy Fund. In the event of the poodle not being claimed within a week, the pup will be offered for sale, and proceeds donated to the Toy Fund.

The Weather

FORECAST: Cloudy with high- and medium-level clouds with chance of slight local rain.

Weather Synopsis: Ridge of high pressure over our region is declining. A barometric low over the Western Mediterranean is causing rain there and over the Central Mediterranean.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	22	6	15	16
Tiberias	22	12	24	25
Haifa Port	18	11	21	22
Natanya	7	9	23	24
Tel Aviv Kirya	24	8	22	23
Tel Aviv Port	48	7	20	21
Lydda Airport	17	2	24	25
Jerusalem	5	7	15	17
Beersheba	7	6	22	23
Sdom	13	10	22	24
Eilat	20	6	22	24

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today

ARRIVALS

M. Jean Martino, the conductor from Paris, for a series of appearances with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra. (by El Al).

Mr. Yosef Barats, Chairman of the Soldiers Welfare Committee, from a six-week trip to the U.S. on behalf of the organization. (by El Al).

Mr. S. Shunami, of the Jewish National and University Library, from a visit to Europe in connection with the recovery of looted Jewish libraries.

Capt. G.B. Barstow, British Naval Attache in Greece and Israel, on a week's visit. (by B.E.A.).

Mr. Patrick Crosse, Deputy General Manager of Reuters News Agency from Rome, for consultations with the management of Him. (by Air France).

Mr. Sergei Losov, correspondent of the Soviet news agency, TASS, after three-months' home leave. (by Air France).

Messrs. Raphael Blumenfeld, Arthur Brosa and Gideon Hausner, from a United Jewish Appeal mission in the U.S.

Mr. Max Spitz, General Manager of Peltours, Ltd., from a two-month visit to the U.S., Mexico, and Europe (by El Al).

DEPARTURES

Dr. Y. Arnon Director-General of the Finance Ministry, for Ghana on a two-week trip to explore the possibilities of expanding economic relations with African countries.

Aluf E. Ben-Artzi, General Manager of El Al, to Zurich and London for a two-week trip on company business, (by El Al).

Aluf-Mishne Gideon Schocken, on a month's visit to Switzerland, (by El Al).

Nahmias: Death Penalty Abolished Too Soon

TEL AVIV. — "I am not entirely certain that we were not too early in abolishing the death penalty in Israel," Inspector-General of Police, Mr. Joseph Nahmias, said in a speech on Wednesday, before high-ranking police officers and Histadrut members at the Histadrut Executive Building in Tel Aviv.

Emphasizing that this was his personal opinion, Mr. Nahmias pointed out that the death penalty constituted an important deterrent.

The classical murder case does not appear in Israel, said Mr. Nahmias—in the course of the past year there were only 18 murders, resulting mainly from domestic strife. With respect to other crimes, Mr. Nahmias pointed out that 20 per cent were committed by youngsters between the ages of nine and 17.

Referring to the special position of the police in Israel, Mr. Nahmias declared that the success of the force is to be measured by the degree of public confidence in it. The force will justify that confidence by continuing to conduct itself straightforwardly, without discrimination, and without party or sectarian bias. *(Itim)*

DUEG DROPS APPEAL

Moshe Dueg, who was sentenced to 15 years imprisonment for throwing a hand-grenade in the Knesset on October 29, 1957, on Wednesday withdrew his appeal against the conviction and sentence which he had filed with the Supreme Court.

Dueg, who is serving his sentence in Ramle prison, did not give the reasons for his action. *(Itim)*

Buber Gets Scroll From Paris University

The scroll recording the honorary doctorate recently conferred on Professor Martin Buber by the University of Paris was presented to him at a ceremony at his house in Jerusalem on Wednesday.

The document, which was received on his behalf by the Israel Embassy in Paris, was handed to Professor Buber by Mr. Maurice Fischer, Assistant Director General of the Foreign Ministry. Present at the ceremony were the French Consul General in Jerusalem, M. Andre Favereau, and the Director of the Cultural Relations Division of the Foreign Ministry, Mr. Yehuda Ya'ari.

C'ttee of 3 Polls Religious Authorities on 'Identity' Issue

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Letters are now going out to religious authorities all over the world asking their opinion on the religious identity of children of mixed marriages, it was learned in Jerusalem on Wednesday.

Over 50 rabbis and Jewish scholars of all religious trends are being approached on this question.

The committee of three Ministers set up to garner opinion on this issue — Prime Minister Ben-Gurion, Interior Minister Bar-Yehuda and Justice Minister Rosen — drew up the letter to the religious authorities.

It explains that the new waves of immigration brought with them a problem involving the offspring of mixed marriages. An answer is being sought, states the letter, on the question of what Jewish law maintains in cases where parents wish their child to be a Jew, but where the non-Jewish mother, does no wish to be converted.

About half of the authorities consulted live in Israel while the others are in the U.S., France, Holland, Belgium, Italy, and England.

Meanwhile, the Committee of Three is to meet shortly at the request of Mr. Bar-Yehuda, on the heels of a statement by the Prime Minister's Secretary, Mr. Yitzhak Navon, that Mr. Ben-Gurion had not supported the registration directives of Mr. Bar-Yehuda and that the directives had been cancelled.

The statement was included in a letter sent by Mr. Navon to Chief Rabbi Nissim on Monday, asking the Chief Rabbi to correct what he had told the "Jewish Observer and Middle East Review" that Mr. Ben-Gurion had supported the directives. (Mr. Bar-Yehuda on Wednesday expressed "astonishment" at the statement.)

Rabbi Nissim replied on Tuesday that he was gratified to hear the directives had been cancelled and would willingly correct what he had told the publication when the Committee of Three is dissolved. To this, Mr. Navon replied in yet another letter on Wednesday that Rabbi Nissim had not referred to the Committee of Three in the "Jewish Observer" interview, that Rabbi Nissim was "knowingly misleading" the English journal if he did not correct his statement that Mr. Ben-Gurion had supported the directives and that Rabbi Nissim had every right to oppose the establishment of the Committee of Three, but the Government was not obliged to take the same view.

Spokesman's Statement

"Rabbi Nissim's office has no intention of answering a letter formulated in that way," the office spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* last night in connection with Mr. Navon's second letter.

He said, however, that the Chief Rabbi's office had on Wednesday sent a letter to the "Jewish Observer" informing the journal of the content of Mr. Navon's first letter and stating that "in view of this letter, the Chief Rabbi wishes to state that there was a certain generalization in his remarks, inexactitude had perhaps crept into the general form in which his remarks had been cast."

This does not change the fact, continues the letter, that the very existence of the Committee of Three has brought about a change from the previous situation whereby registration was conducted according to Jewish law.

B-G Reaffirms What He Said

LONDON (INA). — A letter from Mr. Ben-Gurion to be published in Friday's issue of "The Jewish Observer" says that the statement made by Chief Rabbi Nissim "is not true and Rabbi Nissim knows that it is not true."

The letter continues: "Mr. Bar-Yehuda's rules were not backed by me nor were they approved by the Cabinet. The entire question has been relegated for the time being for examination by Jewish scholars in Israel and abroad."

Herut Files Motion Of Non-Confidence

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The proceedings of the 5th national conference of Herut were interrupted on Wednesday afternoon by the party leader, Mr. Menahem Begin, M.K., in order to launch a bitter personal attack on the Prime Minister in connection with the exchange of letters between Mr. Ben-Gurion's secretary and Chief Rabbi Nissim.

He charged Mr. Ben-Gurion with dictating the "insulting and insolent letter" to his secretary.

Immediately afterwards, the Party's Knesset faction sent a telegram to the Knesset Speaker, tabling a motion of non-confidence in the government and the Prime Minister for next Monday. They base their non-confidence motion on "his terrible affront to the State's Chief Rabbi by the Prime Minister."

Turkeys Readied For Thanksgiving Feast

Jerusalem Post Staff

The YMCA is to serve its traditional turkey Thanksgiving Day dinner on Thursday (today) to 80 members of the Jerusalem American community. The "Y" inaugurated these dinners during the Mandate.

Mr. Albert Franklin, the American Consul-General, will read President Eisenhower's Thanksgiving Day Proclamation.

The dinner, by registration only, will cost IL3.750, with a IL1 reduction for Hebrew University students.

In Tel Aviv, all departments of the American Embassy including the visa section and library will be closed for the holiday.

Most American Embassy staff will hold the traditional dinners in their family circles together with Israel friends in keeping with the custom of making the holiday a family festivity.

The Z.O.A. House in Tel Aviv will hold a dinner, with all the traditional touches from turkey, cranberry sauce, and pumpkin pie to the wishbone-pulling contest beginning at 7:30 p.m.

Thanksgiving Day is observed in the U.S. on the fourth Thursday of each November, recalling the feast held by the Pilgrim Fathers after weathering their first winter in the new land. Historians have concluded that the deeply religious Pilgrims drew the feast from the Succot celebration.

Rogosin Here to Start Rayon Machinery

Jerusalem Post Reporter

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Mr. Israel Rogosin arrived here on Wednesday specially to put into operation the first machinery in the rayon plant he has set up in Ashdod. The ceremony will take place next Monday.

The American industrialist, who arrived from New York by El Al accompanied by his wife, will stay in the country for more than two weeks.

The Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. P. Sapir, on Wednesday gave a reception in honour of Mr. and Mrs. Israel Rogosin, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Levin of Cincinnati, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sunshine of Georgia. Among the guests were the Controller of Foreign Currency, Mr. Z. Dinstein, and Mr. D. Ben-Dor, the architect, who designed the building at Ashdod.

Kraus Calls Expert in Swiss Law

TEL AVIV. — An expert on Swiss law, Dr. Akiva Hoffman, expressed the opinion in the District Court on Wednesday that the law of that country could apply to the claim of Mr. Moshe Kraus, former wartime head of the Budapest Palestine Office, that he was illegally pressured into waiving his right to compensation from the Jewish Agency.

Mr. Kraus is suing for IL-40.000 in severance pay from the Agency on the grounds of being dismissed from his post by order of the organization. He had previously told the court that in 1951 he had under pressure signed a waiver giving up rights to compensation in return for payment of 5,500 Swiss Frs., which he needed to release personal effects from a bonded warehouse.

Dr. Hoffman, witness for the claimant, pointed out that Swiss law takes cognizance in such cases of a person being forced to do so under pressure, fear, and dire need. He believed that this would apply to Mr. Kraus, according to the latter's claim, but that he must also prove that the respondent attempted to take advantage of his desperate position in getting him to sign the waiver. *(Itim)*

THE FIRST SELF-SERVICE store in the Ra'anana District was opened by the Consumers Cooperative Society at a ceremony on Wednesday afternoon. It is in the Kiryat Hahistadrut.

Immigration Rate Drops in November

HAIFA. — November's immigration figures will be sharply below last month's 3,500, it was learned on Wednesday. So far only about 1,700 immigrants have arrived, with another 300 expected. Of these, nearly 200 are due aboard the s.s. Herzl on Sunday; the others are expected to come by air.

Experts point out that immigration generally drops in the winter months, when the movement of passengers and baggage becomes more difficult. Because of the seasonal slack, the s.s. Artza, which has been carrying immigrants all summer, will be withdrawn from service early next month, on her return from France.

Piccoli Puppets Bid Israel Farewell

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The 1,200 marionettes and 20 manipulators of the Piccoli puppet theatre left the country in the s.s. Mormara on Wednesday. They had been here for five months and gave 282 performances.

Mr. Carlo Farinelli, the theatre manager, told *The Jerusalem Post* that they had originally come for a six weeks' stand, but their favourable reception had induced them to postpone their departure again and again. They only left now because of a prior commitment in Turkey.

Piccoli is taking phonograph records and a specially prepared Israeli decor which will be incorporated into future programmes. It takes about two years to work out a new act, Mr. Farinelli said.

German Woman Leaves Israel 500,000 D.M.

A legacy of 500,000 German marks (IL250,000) was left last week for the State of Israel by a non-Jewish German woman in Munich who had forbidden in her will that any of her property "fall into Aryan hands."

This was revealed at a press conference in Jerusalem on Wednesday by Mr. H. Kadmon, Administrator-General of the Ministry of Justice, who gave details of legacies left to the State during the past two years.

In this period, he revealed, legacies received totalled over IL1m.

Mr. Kadmon said that the German woman, whose estate included extensive farm lands had her property confiscated by the Nazi regime in 1938, and for this reason left all her possessions to the State of Israel. Among these was a valuable violin which she specified be given to an Israel child with musical talent.

The Administrator-General stated that the Government has amended the inheritance tax to exempt from payment the citizens of those countries which grant similar conditions to Israel. *(Itim)*

Japanese Sword Guards Given to Haifa Museum

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A Swiss patron has given his collection of Japanese sword guards to the Haifa Municipality. The donor wishes to remain anonymous, but the gift has been presented in memory of Benjamin and Menahem Suss, who fell in World War II.

The 82 sword guards — known as *tsuba* in Japanese —will find a home in the new Pavilion of Japanese Art, the establishment of which was announced on Tuesday night. Some of the *tsuba* can now be seen in two display cases in the gallery where the 19th century Japanese watercolours are on view in the Museum of Modern Art.

Japanese sword guards are collectors' items because of the artistry with which skilled craftsmen used to design, engrave and decorate them.

The guard separates the sword's handle from the blade, thus protecting the hand of the man holding the weapon. It is made of metal and is more or less oval in shape.

Sao Paolo Apartment House for N. Tel Aviv

A group of investors in Sao Paolo, Brazil, has signed an agreement with Rassco for the construction of an apartment house of 20 to 25 flats in north Tel Aviv, the housing company has announced.

The members of the group, who will either live in the apartments themselves or let them, are investing approximately $400,000 in the project, which was started on the initiative of Dr. H. Capell, Manager of Rassco Investments Department, who is now in Brazil. The building will be known as Sao Paolo House, and the agreement calls for the immediate preparation of building plans.

Postal Fee Rises Average 20-25%

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The increases in inland postal and telephone rates announced by the Post Office as due to go into effect Monday average between 20 and 25 per cent.

Overseas rates are to be increased on January 1, to allow for the required month's notice to the Universal Postal Union in Berne. They will also rise by about 20 per cent, the Postmaster-General declared on Wednesday.

Letters inland will cost 120 pruta instead of 100 pr., and postcards 60 pr. instead of 50 pr. Local telephone calls will cost subscribers 75 pr., instead of 60.

An additional change for subscribers is that they will now receive telephone bills every two months instead of quarterly. The rental fee will be IL16.200 for the two months, instead of the present IL20 for three months.

There is no change in the annual charge for radio licences which remain at IL10.

Among other increases in inland postal and telephone charges are the following:

POSTAL

Printed matter — for every 50 gm. or part — 60 pr.
Parcel post: — up to 1 kilo — 250 pr.
above 1 kg. and less than 3 — 350 pr.
over 5 kg. and less than 10 — 750 pr.
over 10 kg. and less than 15 — 950 pr.
Newspapers and Mss.: each copy up to 100 gr.—40 pr.
Express letter: 500 pr.
Ordinary telegram: first 10 words or part — 700 pr. every additional word — 50 pr.
Greeting telegram: 600 pr.
Urgent telegram: first 10 words or part — IL1.400. every additional word — 100 pr.
L.T. Telegram: first 20 words or part — 700 pr. every additional 10 words — 200 pr.
Press cables (inland): first 30 words or part — 350 pr. every additional 15 words — 100 pr.

TELEPHONE

Urgent interurban call: two and a half times the ordinary rate.
Priority call: five times the ordinary rate.
Appointed call: ordinary rate plus 300 pr.
Personal call: ordinary rate plus 600 pr.
Reverse charge: ordinary rate plus 600 pr.

Cartons Unsuitable For Eggs—Luz

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The export of eggs in Cargal cartons was not successful during the summer season, Agriculture Minister Kadish Luz told the Knesset yesterday, in reply to a question by Mrs. Ruth Hektin (Ahdut Ha'avoda).

With regard to citrus, it had been decided to continue the experiment this year to the extent of one million cartons. Export of seed potatoes had been limited, Mr. Luz said, and he therefore preferred not to make a statement about the suitability of cartons for that product.

In reply to a question by Mr. Mordecai Olmert, Mr. Luz said that no agreement has yet been signed between the Government and the Jewish National Fund. A draft agreement had been approved in principle by the Government and the Zionist General Council, but the agreement could not be made final until the Knesset passes a National Land Bill, still to be presented by the Government.

$100,000 WORTH of liqueur, brandy, table and effervescent wines from the cellars of Rishon Lezion and Zikhron Ya'acov were exported to all parts of the world last week in the first shipment to fill orders for next Passover.

MKs from Both Sides of House Direct Fire on Civil Service Bill

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN, Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Both Opposition and Coalition speakers expressed strong criticism of the broad powers given the Government under the Civil Service Bill (Appointments) in the debate which began on Wednesday. The Prime Minister on Tuesday presented the bill for its first reading.

Section 5 was attacked in particular. It provides that the Government has the right to exempt the employees of certain "services, enterprises or units" from the provisions of the law.

Also objected to was Section 21, which gives the Government the right not to have to make a public announcement concerning vacancies in the case of certain "positions and types of positions."

Mr. Yitzhak Raphael (National Religious) said that under the bill all authority remained in the hands of the Government. The Civil Service Board should be given an independent status, and not be subordinate to the Government.

He also asked what the fate of a Director-General was to be when his Minister left the Government. The conditions under which a director-general could be dismissed should be specified. The bill was basically defective, Mr. Raphael declared, "but I don't think this Government is capable of presenting a better one."

Mr. Baruch Azania (Mapai) asked Mr. Raphael whether appointments in Ministries previously headed by members of his party had always been made without regard to political considerations. And if this bill was defective, had the National Religious Party pressed for a better one while it was in the Coalition? he asked.

Objecting to the provision that decisions of the Civil Service Board may be rejected by the Government within 60 days, Mr. Azania thought that there should be no time limit at all.

Mr. Nahum Nir (Ahdut Ha'avoda) said he understood the need for occasional exceptions, but only in individual cases and not for entire categories, as the Government was empowered to do in Section 5 and Section 21.

It was right that the public be represented on the Civil Service Board, but why should the Government have four representatives on the seven-man Board — three Directors-General and the Civil Service Commissioner—Mr. Nir asked.

Mr. Ya'acov Riftin (Mapam) asked for greater parliamentary control over civil service appointments than the bill provided. As for Section 5, if the intention was to permit certain posts connected with defence matters to be exempted from the bill's requirement, then at least the consent of the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee should be required. But as drafted the Section was much too broad, he said.

Attorney General

Both Mr. Raphael and Mr. Riftin discussed the status of the Attorney General. (The bill states that the Government may specify the methods and the conditions connected with the appointment of the Attorney General.)

If the Attorney General was to continue to exercise the broad powers he does now, Mr. Raphael said, then he should be appointed by the Knesset and be responsible to it. As things now stood, the Minister of Justice has the title, but the Attorney General has the power, he charged. The impending resignation of the incumbent (Mr. Haim Cohn) provided an excellent opportunity for deciding on changes in the Attorney General's status. Mr. Riftin agreed that the Knesset should be given greater control over the Attorney General.

The debate continues.

Visaless Tourist To Face Magistrate

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TIBERIAS. — Eduard Philip Cleveland, a British subject, will be brought before the Magistrates Court at Kiryat Shmona on Thursday on a charge of staying in the country without a valid tourist visa. He arrived as a tourist last January, and continued here even after he was asked to leave when it expired.

He has since been drifting from one kibbutz to another, eluding the police who were looking for him until he was picked up while taking photographs in a frontier area on Sunday. It is stated that the photographs proved to be only of tourist interest.

LESS CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION

Currency in circulation fell by IL6,419,990 during the week ending Tuesday to stand at IL274,431,284, the Bank of Israel reported on Wednesday. Foreign currency reserves rose by IL557,748, Government Land Bills by IL1,000, Treasury Notes by IL80,000, while promissory notes and bills of exchange decreased by IL-7,058,738.

S. African Cabinet Member Coming

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Mr. Ben J. Schoeman, Minister of Transport of the Union of South Africa, is due to arrive on Thursday (today) by El Al for a 12-day private visit touring the country as guests of El Al. He will be accompanied by his wife.

Jerusalem Hassidim Greet Bobov Rabbi

Thousands of Hassidim on Wednesday night flocked to greet Rabbi Shlomo Halberstamm, the Rabbi of Bobov, who arrived in the capital earlier in the day.

The Rabbi came to Israel from the U.S. recently to build a settlement for 300 of his followers at Bat Yam.

He arrived in Jerusalem accompanied by a large convoy of cars and was joined at Motza, at the approaches to Jerusalem, by hundreds of admirers who had gone out to welcome him to the city.

Europe Wants More Nuts from Israel

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — "European countries are ready to buy more peanuts than Israel can supply, yet it is estimated that only about 30 per cent of this year's crop will be sold abroad," Mr. I. Wolfsberger, Director of the Groundnuts and Cotton Marketing Co. of Tnuva and Hamashbir, told the Press on Wednesday. "We could triple our exports, and make groundnuts second to citrus on the export list," he added.

Prices on the local market — for manufacture and for roasting — are higher than those received for export, even at the IL2.650 per dollar exchange rate, the speaker said. He called on the Government to grant a subsidy of IL70 per ton for peanuts exported, and to guarantee the growers a minimum of IL560-IL570 per ton. This, he felt, would encourage more farmers to grow peanuts, and to sell them through exporters. The proposed law for agricultural marketing councils would link each grower with an exporter, and channel top grade produce to the foreign markets.

Councils Inaugurated At Dimona, Ofakim

Local councils were inaugurated on Wednesday at Dimona and Ofakim, bringing the total number of councils in the Negev to six. Five have been established this week, while Eilat has had one since January 1953.

Two more local councils are to be set up at the beginning of next year — at Kfar Yeroham and Azata.

Present at Wednesday's ceremonies were the Director General of the Ministry of Interior, Mr. Yitzhak Shvo, and the Negev District Representative, Mr. Y. Vardimon.

The Dimona council, headed by Mr. Alexander Milrod, former Mayor of Migdal Ashkelon, consists of five Mapai representatives, three from Ahdut Ha'avoda, two from Mapam, and one from the Religious bloc, with the three labour parties forming a coalition.

In Ofakim, the council is headed by Mr. Dov. Fritkin and is composed by five Mapai members and one representative each from Ahdut Ha'avoda Mapam, the Religious bloc and Herut. Herut and Mapam form the opposition.

Cables in Brief

FUNNY. — Moscow Radio has announced that Dimitri Shostakovitch has written a comic operetta. The composer said: "This is the first time I have tried my hand in this field. The story is about a family that moves into a new apartment and gets into some funny situations."

DIVORCE. — Opera singer Lily Pons has obtained a divorce from the conductor Andre Kostelanetz in Mexico. She charged "incompatability of characters." The French born singer and the Russian born composer were married 20 years ago.

STUDENTS. — Three hundred U.A.R. students will study this year at Moscow University, Moscow Radio has announced.

CHEMICALS. — An explosion shattered a chemical factory 16 kms. south of Baton Rouge, Louisiana, on Tuesday night. Seven injured were taken to hospital. A company spokesman said, "We have no idea what happened."

Ministers Laud German Film About Israel

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A German-made semi-documentary film on Israel which was shot in this country has been shown to the Interior Minister, Mr. I. Bar Yehuda, and other Ministers who expressed the opinion that it be permitted closed showings in this country because it is "both pro-Israeli and very well made." The voices should, however, be dubbed in Hebrew, they thought.

This was stated on Wednesday by the Interior Ministry spokesman in connection with the film "Paradies und Feuerofen."

Mr. Bar Yehuda said, however, that it was up to the Film Censorship Board, which is an independent body, to decide whether to permit the film to be screened here.

The spokesman also announced that Mr. Levi Greenspon, Deputy Director General of the Interior Ministry's Administration Department, has been appointed Chairman of the Film Censorship Board. He assumes the post held until now by Mr. Zeev Meltjon, who has been appointed Town Clerk of Ramat Gan.

Mr. Meltjon has agreed to the Interior Minister's request that he continue to serve as a member of the Board.

ENOUGH A-BOMBS TO DESTROY HUMANITY

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — Stockpiles of nuclear bombs are already sufficient to wipe out the human race, the Council of the Federation of American Scientists announced here on Tuesday.

The Council also stated that there would probably never be any defence against massive atomic attack.

Hadassa Friedmann
Tel Aviv

Yoav Horn
Jerusalem

MARRIED

November 20, 1958.

Mrs. Lilly Sternberg

wishes to thank all friends for their kind expressions of sympathy on her bereavement.

THE ISRAEL FILM CLUB
extends condolences to
Mrs. Epstein and Family
and to Z.O.A. House
on the passing of
Elias M. Epstein

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ACT TODAY

THE JERUSALEM
POST

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Thursday, November 27, 1958
15 Kislev, 5719. 15 Jumad Awal, 1378

EVER since Ghana became a sovereign nation in March 1957 she has made her mark in African affairs.

AFRICAN FERMENT

Dr. Kwame Nkrumah has a sense of mission to other African peoples, especially those south of the Sahara, who are not yet independent. Just as understandably, there are other leaders in highly developed West Africa who are somewhat reluctant to cede to him any semblance of pre-eminence. Not only is there such a veteran statesman as Liberia's President William V. S. Tubman, the head of a state independent for well over a hundred years, though rather isolated for much of that period. There are also remarkable public figures in territories administered by Great Britain and by France, who maintain that a few years' seniority in sovereignty do not carry with them the kind of right of primogeniture which they suspect Nkrumah has in mind. Yet Ghana's appeal in the region is undeniable.

Guinea, the newest African state, recently decided to follow in Ghana's footsteps rather than continue her formal association with Metropolitan France. She is now looking mainly to her slightly senior sister state for encouragement and support. Over the weekend, Ghana's Nkrumah and Guinea's Sekon Toure issued a statement in Accra which not only indicated Ghana's willingness to help Guinea overcome her most urgent economic difficulties, but also foreshadowed a dynamic joint effort to work for some form of constitutional association among West Africa's independent nations, present and future. The communique is couched in terms that are daring as regards the more distant future, yet cautious concerning the present. The two states envisage some version of a United States of Africa or West Africa, or of a Federation of West Africa of which they wish to become the nucleus. Yet in the initial stage they aim at the more limited objective of coordinated foreign policies and cooperation in other vital fields.

There is nothing revolutionary in the idea of natural progress toward some form of union among a group of geographically associated political units none of which feels altogether able to face alone the problems that are more or less identical to all. There are the U.S. of America, the U.S. of Mexico, the Union of Burma, the Union of South Africa, not to mention nineteenth century Germany and Italy. In each of these, and other cases, the essential need for union outweighed the essential dissimilarities and dissensions. In the Arab countries of the Middle East, the question of whether similarity or individuality will gain the upper hand has not yet been decided. Any decision either way achieved by force must ultimately fail.

The same would seem to be true for West Africa. There can be no doubt that the arbitrary delineation of colonies had little to do with ethnic reality. And yet, separate identities have gradually emerged and, of course, separate interests. Quite apart from the implications which any kind of federation would have for France and those African territories which at least in the near future will remain associated with her the idea has evoked little enthusiasm in parts of Nigeria or in Liberia. President Tubman only some ten days ago called it "unrealistic and a utopia." It is too early to try and assess whether history will work in favour of a Federation of West Africa or against it. New nations are to emerge there in the coming years, some of them so small and weak that a Federation may be a welcome haven for them in spite of the partial surrender of their new sovereignty which this will entail. Others will wish to maintain their full distinct identity and prefer to seek African solidarity in friendly cooperation among equals. What is already clear is the emergence of an African personality looking for constructive ways of self-expression.

RAIL AND POSTAL STRIKE IN ITALY

ROME (Reuter). — Most of Italy's 190,000 railwaymen and some 60,000 postal workers were idle on Wednesday in a 24-hour strike for better pay.

Italian army engineers drove trains on main lines to maintain the skeleton rail service promised by the Government together with a skeleton postal service.

Berlin Situation 'Not Acute'

Allies Face Up to War of Nerves

By SEBASTIAN HAFFNER

Berlin (OFNS). — IN the hectic diplomatic activity set off in the Western world by the announcement of Soviet plans "for the liquidation of the Occupation Statute of Berlin," the feeling gained ground in Bonn that the Russians would not only begin by making new proposals about Berlin to the Allies, but would accompany any diplomatic step by unilateral action in transferring control functions to the East Germans. Although they might do it by instalments this will face the Western Powers with grave decisions.

The allied occupation rights in Berlin and the rights of communication with Berlin which flow from them rest on the unconditional surrender of Germany. They cannot, therefore, be legally transferred by an occupation Power to any German authorities.

The legal position, if one of the four occupying Powers unilaterally relinquishes its rights vis-a-vis the local Germans and its duties towards its partners, is that these rights and dutes automatically pass to the remaining three. In particular, control of the road, rail, and air communications with Berlin would, if no longer exercised by the Soviets in conformity with their inter-allied obligations, automatically pass, not to the East Germans, but to the Western allies. However, the taking over of these control functions in actual practice might well lead to physical clashes and result in a warlike situation.

Part of East

On the other hand, if the Western allies, putting the best face on it, decided to ignore the intended malice, to regard the East Germans as acting as representatives of the Soviet occupation Power, and, with this reservation, to accept their controls, the dangers incurred would be hardly less. Both the Soviets and the East Germans have made it clear that they wish to see Berlin — including West Berlin — regarded as part of East Germany, and Herr Ulbricht, the East German party secretary, has clearly said that he would agree to the continuing Western allied presence in, and traffic with, Berlin only on a temporary basis and only for purposes "which have not to shun the light of day."

The Western allies would, therefore, not only have to give *de facto* recognition to the East German Government within its present territory but would have to admit East German control rights also over their doings in West Berlin, which has never belonged to East Germany but which is, if anything, an outlying part of West Germany. In particular, it has been hinted from East Berlin that among the conditions to be imposed from East Germany would be a ban on anti-Communist activities in West Berlin and a ban on the admission and flying out of refugees from East Germany. The Western allies, in accepting dealings with the East German Government over Berlin, would therefore run the danger of admitting East German control rights over West Berlin and becoming themselves, as it were, the bailiffs of the East German Government in West Berlin.

Ultimately they might find that so far from defending their own rights and the freedom of the two million West Berliners, as they are pledged to do, they were by stages surrendering those rights and handing over West Berlin to Communist control with their own hands.

There might remain the middle way of temporarily foregoing land traffic under protest and falling back on an airlift for Allied supplies and movements in and out of Berlin. As long as German traffic remains undisturbed, this would not be a large-scale operation, and it would put the onus of using force against Allied aircraft and thereby risking war on the other side. The drawback is, first, that there is no guarantee of German traffic remaining undisturbed — in which case a giant airlift on the 1948-49 model would again become necessary; secondly, that the Soviets, after the defeat of their first blockade by airlift, must have thought of this possibility and have probably prepared some steps against it. If this were so, the Western Powers would again soon find themselves in a warlike situation.

Risk of War

The Bonn Government spokesman said that there was still no reason to expect an "acute military danger for Berlin," and this feeling is generally shared. Clearly the Soviets would be fools if they committed outright crude military aggression when they can hope to place the Western Allies into a situation of choice between he risk of war and the acceptance of humiliation and surrender.

On the other hand the probability must be faced that this choice is exactly what Mr. Khrushchev wants to force on the Western Allies. In the light of recent articles in the Soviet Press, which demand "a radical solution" in Berlin and leave no doubt that they mean by this the establishment of East German Communist domination over the whole of Berlin, it would appear over-optimistic to believe that the Soviets want merely to give emphasis to their demands for recognition of East Germany in its present frontiers, and to enforce a new conference on Germany, on terms favourable to them, by a little preliminary pressure.

A new conference on Germany may well come about in the end: but only after the new trial of nerves and strength which the Soviets are now about to enforce over Berlin has been successfully passed by the Western Allies.

Refugees from the Eastern Sector of Berlin cross the Tempelhof tarmac to board a British European Airways plane. More than a thousand refugees were flown daily to West Germany recently. Express Photo

Tempelhof Readied for Airlift

By OMER ANDERSON

BERLIN (N.A.N.A.). — The U.S. Air Force is rushing construction to prepare its Tempelhof headquarters for a mammoth airlift in the event of a blockade of West Berlin.

Tempelhof, the headquarters of the 1948 airlift, was badly damaged by Soviet troops during their capture of Berlin in 1945, and much of the airport has never been restored. Only a fraction of Tempelhof was used during the 1948 airlift. U.S.A.F. construction now is restoring and modernizing Tempelhof, which is the world's largest airport terminal.

A U.S.A.F. spokesman said that it is unnecessary to expand the terminal proper, which is capable of supporting a major airlift. He pointed out that Tempelhof still is the world's second largest building in area. Only the Pentagon is bigger. Designed by Hitler's architects, the terminal building features an unsupported "umbrella"-covered parking ramp nearly 40 metres wide and 800 metres long. This architectural triumph permits the largest aircraft to discharge passengers and cargo under cover.

Tempelhof is honeycombed with gigantic tunnels which during wartime served as an aircraft assembly plant for Messerschmitt jets and Junker dive bombers. During the finale of World War II, the Nazis stored tons of secret documents in the Tempelhof tunnels which the Soviets blasted, searching for the secrets. The Soviets additionally fired and gutted most of the 65 buildings of the terminal complex.

Unlike most airports, Tempelhof is situated inside Berlin, accessible to urban transportation. The terminal extends five floors underground and has its own water wells, power system and fuel tanks storing 2,000,000 gallons of gasoline.

In 1948 airlift planes landed at Tempelhof at the rate of one every two minutes around the clock, an operation possible only because of Tempelhof's vastness.

Jewish History Waits on Archives

Work on National Documents Delayed by Housing Problem

By ANITA ENGLE

HISTORY waits as inadequate crews struggle in crammed stacks with the wealth of documentary evidence that will shed light on our nation's history — provided they can get at it.

Israel is now the world centre of Jewish historical research. Other countries have important collections of Jewish documents, but the only systematic and comprehensive archives, with the exception of the American Jewish Archives in Cincinnati, are in this country.

Israel's archives and collections have been coordinated and put on a scientific basis after the passage of the State Archives Law in 1955. The majority of our national records are found not, as in other countries, in state or municipal offices, but in a variety of independent institutions. Their archives now have to give annual reports on how the collections are housed and how they have been acquired, and every new acquisition must be registered.

The law even applies to private collections, and Dr. A. Bein, State Archivist and Director of the Central Zionist Archives, is about to begin a drive to register them. Many contain personal documents of considerable historical interest, such as Ben-Gurion's voluminous collection of diaries, which are frequently an on-the-spot record of ideas, events and conversations as they occurred.

But if Israel is to play its full role as a historical research centre, it urgently needs trained archive workers. Most of those who are now employed in the archives have come to them by chance, their only training being a Hebrew University short course. The University is now considering the establishment of an archivists school parallel to its school for librarians.

Archives Overcrowded

The chief problem, however, is free access to archival material. Israel's three major institutions, the State Archives, the Zionist Central Archives and the Jewish General Historical Archives, all in Jerusalem, suffer from lack of proper accommodation. The State archives are housed in the lower part of an unfinished building. The Jewish Historical General Archives are temporarily and reluctantly lodged in the Yad v'Shem building on Har Ha-Zikaron. The Central Zionist Archives have long outgrown the Jewish Agency annex which was allocated to them in 1939. Their store-rooms are full and three rented store-rooms are also full up.

"Material is constantly coming in," says Dr. Bein. "We cannot go on indefinitely renting store-rooms. Inaccessibility of the material hinders its use."

The time has come, Dr. Bein believes, to build one big National Archives which would include all three institutions, though each would retain complete autonomy. This could offer facilities for research workers without which no comprehensive historical work can be done. Interest has been expressed in the project both here and in the U.S.

The State Archives, founded in 1949 to house all state documents also contain such Mandatory files as could be salvaged. All government offices and institutions must deposit there any files that may contribute to historical research. It is also intended to set up local archives to encourage regional research.

The Central Zionist Archives, founded in Berlin in 1919 and transferred to Jerusalem in 1933, has developed into the most important archives in the Jewish world. Its main function is to collect and prepare for use all documents relating to Zionist history everywhere. The basis of the collection are the official files of the World Zionist Organization and its institutions, dating back to the first meeting under Theodor Herzl, in 1897. Then there are the archives of the organized Jewish community in this country before 1948; the archives of contemporary organizations such as PICA (a valuable recent bequest); and the collections of private papers of personalities such as Herzl, Max Nordau, Israel Zangwill, Philip Guedalla, Herbert Bentwich, Henrietta Szold, Hermann Struck and Nahum Sokolow.

There are also 35,000 books on Zionism and its background, a newspaper collection of some 3,600 newspapers and periodicals from 1880 onwards, and a vast and expanding microfilm section, among which are copies of the private archives of Justices Louis Brandeis and Felix Warburg. Sound recordings of reminiscences and events form a new addition to a department which has documentary films on Palestine dating back to 1911.

Community Archives

The third institution, the Jewish Historical General Archives, was established in 1939 to preserve the documentary remnants of Jewish life in the Diaspora. Under their sponsorship special missions and local experts survey European records, acquiring registering and microfilming material. Preserved in the Jerusalem institute are the archives or the remains of archives of some 1,000 Jewish communities, together with more than 700,000 frames of microfilm.

The other nine public bodies whose archives are listed with the Israel Archives Association, which held its first meeting last year, are the Israel Defence Army, the Tel Aviv-Yaffo Municipality, the Jewish Labour Movement, the Weizmann Institute, the Jabotinsky Institute, the Kibbutz Artzi Hashomer Hatzair, the Rabbi Kook Foundation's archives of Religious Zionism and the Yad v'Shem Institute.

READERS' LETTERS

INVESTMENT, NOT LOAN, REQUIRED

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The recent Government-Jewish Agency announcement of the floating of a "voluntary" IL20m. loan to pay for the unexpected immigration increase really shocked me. Since the government's budget is nearly one billion pounds and that of the Jewish Agency a couple of hundred million, I cannot understand why IL20m. should create such a deficit as to make it necessary for the government to ask the public for more money.

I think that there are easier ways of easing the pressure on public finances — by transferring to the free market an appreciable part of the Government's self-imposed financial burdens. Of course this will need a great measure of courage, courage to jettison some ideas that have proved unsuitable to our country.... Let us examine some propositions:

1. Development budget: As nearly all our industrial plants of some importance enjoy paternal government help, in the form of "development" loans, credit for new machinery, etc., they do not feel any need to approach the public, through the Stock Exchange for example. Let us suppose that the Government were to reduce its financial help to these enterprises, compelling them to transform themselves into corporations and to go to the stock exchange for money. I, personally, would be happier to invest my surplus money in the shares of an enterprise of my own choosing than to "lend" it to the Government in order to plug up some hole in its budget.

2. Housing: It is understandable that the Government has to take upon itself the construction of dwellings in development areas, where private capital is not ready to invest, but construction in Tel Aviv or Haifa with official or officially supported funds is unnecessary. There are many people who are willing to invest in building for rent, provided the rent is fair and freely agreed upon.

3. Public enterprises: Why should not part of the shares of those companies which the Government talks of selling to foreign investors as a means of getting badly needed foreign currency also be made available to local residents, in local currency? All the monies needed in the future to develop these enterprises further would also have to come out of public subscription.

And last but not least, it will be we, the wage-earners, who will have to finance this Immigration Loan according to our real incomes, as is the case with all our taxes. I believe that we too have the right to enjoy the results of our efforts, and not be obligated to give our savings away to the Government. Allow us to decide for ourselves how to invest, without any "paternal" help from the Government. Give us the opportunity to invest, and that's all. To create these opportunities is the Government's task.

Yours, etc.
T. S.
(Name and Address Supplied)
Tel Aviv, November 5.

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Citizens of Israel are now being called upon to make an additional sacrifice in order to raise IL20m. for the Immigration Loan. No doubt they will rise to the occasion. But would it be too much to ask our parties to make a sacrifice as well?

Four years ago, over IL20m. was reportedly spent by the parties on the election campaign. Could they not agree to run a much cheaper campaign this time, in line with our resources and the needs of the hour? Even if they spend no more than IL2m. on propaganda, Israelis may be relied upon to cast their votes for whom they think fit. Why pour a fortune down the drain, especially as we cannot afford to?

Yours, etc.
Y. F.
(Name and Address Supplied)
Haifa, November 20.

PARKING AND ACCIDENTS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Accidents must be prevented and as unhampered a flow of traffic as possible maintained.

The question whether parking in any given area, including Bank Street, interferes with these primary aims will be thoroughly examined and reviewed in the light of changing conditions.

If indeed Bank Street should remain a restricted area, daily inspections will be carried out with a view to enforcing the law by warnings and prosecution when necessary.

Yours, etc.
M. SHLASKI
Deputy Supt. Police
Northern District — Traffic Section
Haifa, November 9.

NOT MEMBER OF IHUD

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — My attention has been drawn to the article "Israel's Week," in your issue of November 14, where you state: "The Ihud, led by Prof. Martin Buber and Prof. Hugo Bergman, came out flatly with a declaration of their belief in Cohen's innocence."

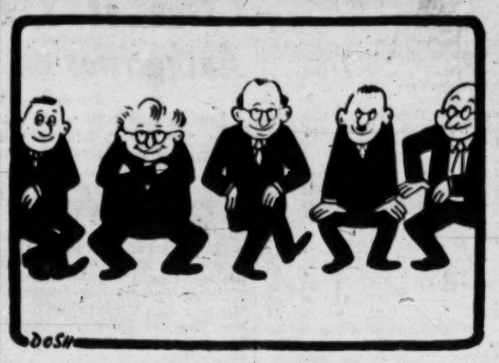
I wish to state that I have never been a member of the Ihud (though I am in agreement with many of its objectives) nor did I come out with the above-mentioned declaration.

Yours, etc.
HUGO BERGMANN
Jerusalem, November 23.

CORRECTION

The letter about the casino question in our issue of November 21 was written by Mr. Zvi Kenin, not J. Kessin.

THE NATIONAL-LIBERAL GOVERNMENT



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YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Herut's 'Remedies' Unreal

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) scoffs at what it calls the presumptuousness of the Herut Movement, which promised, at its Fifth National Conference, to cure Israel of all her ills if and when it is called upon to take over the reins of government. Its remedies are too facile, comments the paper, and the masses will certainly not give their votes to a movement which is not rooted in realities.

Ha'aretz (non-party) writes that dissatisfaction with Mr. Eshkol's policy should not weaken our readiness to do our bit for immigrant absorption. The immigrants are not to blame and must not suffer, and if the Minister of Finance whose duty it is to find the necessary means within budgetary limitations fails to do so, it is the public's duty to provide them. **Hatzofe** (National Religious) writes that government mismanagement, financial, political and ideological cannot and will not deter the public from doing its duty by the *aliya* in the realization that absorption and integration, apart from their humanitarian and rescue aspects, are the basic reason of the State's existence and Israel's mission as a basis for the ingathering of the exiles and as a security bulwark against millions of enemies.

Haboker (General Zionist) writes that the organized opposition of some of the political parties to a referendum to alter the elections system is adequate proof of how great the need to modify it is and to what extent the public should voice its decision on it. The paper stresses that the big question at present is only whether the matter should be referred to the public, and not what system is most preferable. **Hamodia** (World Aguda) writes that the present elections system is the best since it reflects the wishes of the public and prevents the dangers of one-party domination.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) regretting the outcome of the French elections notes that they did not fairly reflect the real strength of the left because they were based on the constituency system, and that we in Israel should take the lesson to heart. Herut is elated over the results, averring that France has come out of her "stupor" and that Israel's friends, as exemplified by the rise of the luminary Soustelle, have scored a triumph.

Davar (Histadrut) opines that we cannot conclude from a single Reuter report that the Soviet authorities are planning to condemn the Russian Jews to the Siberian exile known as Birobidjan; but if the report is well-founded, Jewish opinion throughout the world should mobilize in one great and telling protest. And if the Russians really want to "solve" the Jewish question, let t' em open their gates to emigration to Israel.

Ma'ariv writes that it is not always within our power to open the gates of the Diaspora, but that it is up to us and only us, together with free world Jewry, to see to it that once they are opened, they will not be closed again for want of Israel's ability to integrate the newcomers and provide them with their first needs. We are being asked for IL20m. immediately. Let us provide that sum wholeheartedly and liberally.

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KEEPING POSTED

WE have been living in the sign of the Tuna for the past week. Tuna does not, as most people tend to think, emerge full-fledged in a thick white slice in a small tin. It is a fish of terrifying proportions, eight feet tall. The housewife is enchanted. Mainly, we think, because it is simply something new to eat

and, more important still, to cook, and she is thoroughly bored with the objects for her art that are available. The fishmongers are very vague on how their new little gold-mine is to be treated once you have it safe in your kitchen. "Cook it whatever way you do other fish," said one of them to a puzzled shopper. The housewife looked troubled, and glanced up and down the huge chunks displayed on the marble slab. "My husband only likes *gefilte fish*, and he likes it put back in the skin and served whole" she explained lamely.

*

A MOST extraordinary controversy has been raging in Britain recently over the fact that women's nightgowns are too inflammable, cause accidents and should be banned. It seems that in the cold English houses people tend to go too near the gas fire in the evening, the trailing ends of the nightgowns catch fire, and the woman wearing it is badly burnt before the fire can be put out. Our sober contemporary "The Times" wrote recently:

"Lancashire nightdress makers were in militant mood tonight because the county council today appealed to people to make a public bonfire of their nightdresses on Wednesday by arrangement with the local fire brigade." At Low Moor, Lancaster, on that night the county and the local council will be jointly responsible for the ceremonious burning of nightdresses — with fireworks, a civic send-off, and background music played by the Lanmoor Pipe Band.

Behind the appeal is a deep concern about the number of burning accidents in the home which can be blamed on nightdresses. In the Lancashire county area last year there were 20 such accidents, two fatal. There was no record of anyone wearing pyjamas being similarly burned.

Mr. J.P. Wigley, chairman of the Manchester branch of the Clothing Institute, referred to the research work being conducted into the flame proofing of fabrics. Some of the man-made materials, he said, would not burn into flames at all but would merely melt away. 'The county council do not know what they are taking about."

An official of the Manchester Ladies' and Children's Clothing Manufacturers Association said: "The whole thing is ridiculous. Accidents are not the fault of nightdresses but of the people who wear them."

Of course people are always suspicious and this ceremony, which sounds like an ancient Druidic rite, may turn out to be part of a most ingenious campaign started some months ago by a group of pyjama manufacturers, who look forward to a rush of business before thousands of nightdresses disappear in the officially sponsored flames. An Israel textile manufacturer whom he consulted said he thought it was all nonsense and that there was no reason why grown-up women should set their nightgowns on fire. Burning them prophylactically seemed to him rather like trying to fight road accidents by burning all the cars and buses and creating a demand for mules as a means of transport.

*

A NIGHT operator at one of the Paz Petrol stations relates that some little while ago a middle-aged tourist dropped in one evening. He filled up his car and wiped his windshield for him. The man did not seem in any hurry and as you tend to get lonely at the station at night, the operator fell into conversation with his client. After a bit he began to complain — who doesn't? The pay was pretty poor for night work, despite the worrying responsibility for cash and fixtures, and they did not give him an assistant. He had asked for a kerosene stove to keep the little office warm these bitter nights, but they wouldn't buy him one. They wouldn't even give him a new set of overalls, he said, pointing to the holes in the one he was wearing. Shabby sort of company, he thought, always had been. At eight o'clock the next morning he was summoned to the office of the management, and was by no means

comfortable about it. When he arrived he discovered that his nocturnal visitor was Mr. Isaac Wolfson, the new owner of Paz, and that instructions had already gone that his grievances should all immediately be redressed. Haroun-el-Rashid is no longer in office in Baghdad, we understand, but after all it is not very far, especially by carpet.

Today's contributors include H.R. and E. Mayer, Jerusalem.

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